C0. Introduction

(C0.1) Give a general description and introduction to your organization.

Alliant Energy Corporation (NASDAQ: LNT) is a Midwest U.S. energy company headquartered in Madison, Wisconsin, with annual operating revenues of more than $3.4 billion. Our company is primarily engaged in electric generation and the distribution of electricity and natural gas. We serve approximately 975,000 electric and 420,000 natural gas customers through our two public utility subsidiaries, Interstate Power and Light (IPL) and Wisconsin Power and Light (WPL). IPL provides retail electric and gas service in Iowa, and sells electricity to wholesale customers in Minnesota, Illinois, and Iowa. WPL provides retail and wholesale electric and retail gas service in Wisconsin. Based on electric sales, the largest cities served in Iowa and Wisconsin are Cedar Rapids and Beloit, respectively.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS: This report includes forward-looking statements. These statements can be identified because they include words such as “expect,” “may,” “believe,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “plan,” “project,” “will,” “projections,” “forecast,” “outlook,” “estimate,” “target,” “goal,” or other words or expressions of similar import. Similarly, statements that describe future plans or strategies, our clean energy vision, transitioning our energy resources, planned resource additions, and future emissions reductions are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, the statements. Actual results could be materially affected by the following factors, among others: regulatory approvals; unanticipated construction issues, delays or expenditures; failure of equipment and technology to perform as expected; political conditions in Alliant Energy’s service territories; changes to Alliant Energy’s access to capital markets; economic conditions in Alliant Energy’s service territory; and other risk factors discussed to Alliant Energy’s most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), including the section therein titled “Risk Factors,” and its other filings with the SEC. Alliant Energy undertakes no obligation to update publicly such forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances. These forward-looking statements are made as of July 28, 2021 and Alliant Energy disclaims any obligation to update these statements.

C0.2

(C0.2) State the start and end date of the year for which you are reporting data.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reporting year</th>
<th>Start date</th>
<th>End date</th>
<th>Indicate if you are providing emissions data for past reporting years</th>
<th>Select the number of past reporting years you will be providing emissions data for</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January 1 2020</td>
<td>December 31 2020</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C0.3

(C0.3) Select the countries/areas for which you will be supplying data.

United States of America

C0.4

(C0.4) Select the currency used for all financial information disclosed throughout your response.

USD

C0.5

(C0.5) Select the option that describes the reporting boundary for which climate-related impacts on your business are being reported. Note that this option should align with your chosen approach for consolidating your GHG inventory.

Equity share

C-EU0.7
(C-EU0.7) Which part of the electric utilities value chain does your organization operate in? Select all that apply.

**Electric utilities value chain**
- Electricity generation
- Distribution

**Other divisions**
- Gas storage, transmission and distribution
- Smart grids / demand response
- Battery storage

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**C1. Governance**

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**C1.1**

**(C1.1) Is there board-level oversight of climate-related issues within your organization?**

Yes

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**C1.1a**

**(C1.1a) Identify the position(s) (do not include any names) of the individual(s) on the board with responsibility for climate-related issues.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position of individual(s)</th>
<th>Please explain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Board-level committee</td>
<td>The Nominating and Governance Committee is responsible for general oversight of environmental, social and governance (ESG) issues, including review and approval of carbon dioxide (CO2) reduction goals. This Committee oversees the development of an ESG program that identifies successful outcomes and defines plans to achieve those goals. This committee consists solely of independent directors. The Nominating and Governance Committee works with other Board Committees to ensure that the expertise of those Committees is brought to bear on oversight of various issues, working closely with the Operations Committee on climate change matters. The Nominating and Governance Committee reports up to the full Board of Directors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Board-level committee</td>
<td>The Operations Committee reviews and oversees environmental and safety issues. The Operations Committee reports up to the full Board of Directors. This includes strategic projects, such as expansion of renewable generation including wind and solar projects. This committee consists solely of independent directors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief Executive Officer (CEO)</td>
<td>Alliant Energy’s Chief Executive Officer, along with other company executives, have overarching responsibility for company strategy, compliance, and operations, including climate change and carbon emissions, and provide regular updates to the Board and its Committees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Board Chair</td>
<td>Our CEO also serves as Board Chair - see response for CEO.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Board of Directors)</td>
<td>Responsible for overseeing our purpose, vision and mission, strategic plan and overall corporate risk profile – including the impact climate and carbon risks and environmental policy have on these matters. The Board of Directors has appropriate oversight of the Company’s key sustainability initiatives. The Board is responsible for oversight of our strategy which includes emissions reductions and the expansion of renewable energy. Annually, a strategic planning session is held with the Board to consider the risks and opportunities facing the Company. Management discusses with the Board how our strategic plan addresses the risks and opportunities related to climate change. Our carbon-related reduction goals are based on the successful execution of our strategic plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Board-level committee</td>
<td>Alliant Energy’s short-term incentive compensation plan includes ESG-related goals applicable to our executive officers as well as company-wide to all employees. Annual metrics are established by the Compensation and Personnel Committee and progress on the goals is communicated throughout the year in a corporate scorecard. Furthermore, these goals are considered when establishing individual employee performance and development plans. The Compensation and Personnel Committee adopts environmental goals as part of the company’s annual performance incentive plans. A new environmental goal was adopted for 2021 that continues to measure our commitment to affordable, clean-energy solutions in line with our Value to Act for tomorrow. This goal was approved by the Board of Directors Compensation and Personnel Committee as part of the short-term incentive plan and will reward annual progress toward our company’s long-term goal of a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 from 2005 levels.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**C1.1b**

**(C1.1b) Provide further details on the board’s oversight of climate-related issues.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency with which climate-related issues are a scheduled agenda item</th>
<th>Governance mechanisms into which climate-related issues are integrated</th>
<th>Scope of board-level oversight</th>
<th>Please explain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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CDP
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency with which climate-related issues are a scheduled agenda item</th>
<th>Governance mechanisms into which climate-related issues are integrated</th>
<th>Scope of board-level oversight</th>
<th>Please explain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (The entire Board of Directors meets annually where climate-related issues are covered as part of broader strategic plan updates. Various Board committees also review climate-related issues periodically throughout the year.)</td>
<td>Reviewing and guiding strategy, Reviewing and guiding major plans of action, Reviewing and guiding risk management policies, Reviewing and guiding annual budgets, Reviewing and guiding business plans, Setting performance objectives, Monitoring implementation and performance of objectives, Overseeing major capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestitures, Monitoring and overseeing progress against goals and targets for addressing climate-related issues</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>Annually, the Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board of Directors reviews the company’s Corporate Responsibility Report which includes a section on Energy and Climate, detailing our emissions-reduction goals and our efforts to achieve them. Annually, the full Board reviews the company’s strategic plan which includes the addition of renewable resources that will result in emissions reductions. Annually, the Board reviews and approves the company’s operating plan and budget which includes capital expenditures to achieve our strategic plan, which includes adding renewable resources and grid modernization projects. Annually, the Board reviews the top risks identified by the company’s Enterprise Risk Management process. Annually, the Compensation and Personnel Committee reviews performance goals for the CEO and executive officers and assesses performance against those goals. Goals include achieving strategic targets related to our renewable portfolio and expanding clean and distributed energy. A new environmental goal was adopted for 2021 that continues to measure our commitment to affordable, clean-energy solutions in line with our Value to Act for tomorrow. This goal was approved by the Board of Directors Compensation and Personnel Committee as part of the short-term incentive plan and will reward annual progress toward our company’s long-term goal of a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 from 2005 levels. As needed, the Operations Committee reviews major projects to implement our emissions reduction strategies, including adding renewable resources and grid modernization projects, and recommends action to the full Board. In addition, climate-related emerging policy and regulatory issues are reviewed by the appropriate Board committees and the entire Board as necessary on legislative, environmental rule and energy market matters that may impact implementation of our strategic plan which supports achieving the company’s carbon dioxide (CO2) emission reduction goals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify</td>
<td>Reviewing and guiding strategy, Reviewing and guiding major plans of action, Reviewing and guiding risk management policies, Reviewing and guiding annual budgets, Reviewing and guiding business plans, Setting performance objectives, Monitoring implementation and performance of objectives, Overseeing major capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestitures, Monitoring and overseeing progress against goals and targets for addressing climate-related issues</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>This is a redundant question in the CDP ORS. Please reference response directly above.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C1.2
(C1.2) Provide the highest management-level position(s) or committee(s) with responsibility for climate-related issues.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the position(s) and/or committee(s)</th>
<th>Reporting line</th>
<th>Responsibility</th>
<th>Coverage of responsibility</th>
<th>Frequency of reporting to the board on climate-related issues</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Director of Environmental Services and Corporate Sustainability)</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>Both assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>More frequently than quarterly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other C-Suite Officer, please specify (Executive Vice President, General Counsel &amp; Corporate Secretary)</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>Both assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>Quarterly</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C1.2a

(C1.2a) Describe where in the organizational structure these position(s) and/or committees lie, what their associated responsibilities are, and how climate-related issues are monitored (do not include the names of individuals).

Alliant Energy’s CEO has overarching responsibility for company strategy and operations including climate change and carbon emissions. The Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Corporate Secretary reports to the CEO. The Environmental Services and Corporate Sustainability Director reports to the Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Corporate Secretary.

Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Corporate Secretary: Responsible for Legal, Compliance, Regulatory, Public Affairs and Community Affairs, Corporate Secretary, Real Estate Right of Way and Business Planning

Director of Environmental Services and Corporate Sustainability responsibility: Establishes and leads an aligned environmental and sustainability strategy, operational plans and budgets to meet corporate environmental and corporate sustainability objectives.

Climate-related issues are primarily monitored through our Environmental Services and Corporate Sustainability department and also Public Affairs including potential policies, regulation and legislation. In addition, other departments also monitor climate-related issues as these may affect routine operations or business planning - for example, evolving technology trends or supporting customer requests through innovative energy solutions.

The Director of Environmental Services and Corporate Sustainability further guides establishment of climate-related strategies to guide company initiatives that support decarbonization such as renewables expansion and electrification. In addition, leads efforts to establish and update the company’s Clean Energy Vision shown below. Progress on achievement of carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions reductions is tracked on a monthly basis and results are reported to the CEO and Executive Management team.

Our Clean Energy Vision Goals

Successful execution of our strategy will enable us to achieve our clean energy initiatives.

By 2030:
- Reduce our fossil fuel generation carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions by 50% from 2005 levels
- Reduce our electric utility water supply by 75% from 2005 levels
- Electrify 100% of our company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles
- Partner to plant more than one million trees – one tree for each of our utility customers

By 2040:
- Eliminate all coal from our generation fleet

By 2050:
- Aspire to achieve net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate

We will continue to review and update our Sustainable Energy Plan and Clean Energy Vision, based on future economic developments, evolving energy technologies and emerging trends in the communities we serve.

C1.3
Do you provide incentives for the management of climate-related issues, including the attainment of targets?

| Row | Yes | Alliant Energy's short-term incentive compensation plan includes ESG-related goals applicable to our executive officers as well as company-wide to all employees. Annual metrics are established by the Compensation and Personnel Committee and progress on the goals is communicated throughout the year in a corporate scorecard. Furthermore, these goals are considered when establishing individual employee performance and development plans. The Compensation and Personnel Committee adopts environmental goals as part of the company’s annual performance incentive plans. A new environmental goal was adopted for 2021 that continues to measure our commitment to affordable, clean-energy solutions in line with our Value to Act for tomorrow. This goal was approved by the Board of Directors Compensation and Personnel Committee as part of the short-term incentive plan and will reward annual progress toward our company’s long-term goal of a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 from 2005 levels.

C1.3a Provide further details on the incentives provided for the management of climate-related issues (do not include the names of individuals).
### C2. Risks and opportunities

#### C2.1

(C2.1) Does your organization have a process for identifying, assessing, and responding to climate-related risks and opportunities?

**Yes**

#### C2.1a

(C2.1a) How does your organization define short-, medium- and long-term time horizons?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Horizon</th>
<th>From (years)</th>
<th>To (years)</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Short-term</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium-term</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-term</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### C2.1b

(C2.1b) How does your organization define substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

Alliant Energy defines substantive financial or strategic impact on its business aligned with the final rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). These results are described in the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the company's annual Form 10-K and other periodic public filings to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The MD&A provides an overview of the company's strategy as well as qualitative discussion and quantitative results on the company's performance relative to implementation of the strategy. Primary indicators of financial results indicators include net income and earnings per share. Additional quantitative indicators include capital investments expanding company-owned renewable generation as well as investments in supporting resources and modernizing infrastructure that will enable maximizing its operation on the electricity grid. In addition, updates and progress on Alliant Energy’s voluntary environmental-related goals including its Clean Energy Vision are periodically disclosed in the MD&A section of its SEC filings.

#### C2.2

(C2.2) Describe your process(es) for identifying, assessing and responding to climate-related risks and opportunities.

Value chain stage(s) covered
- Direct operations
- Upstream
- Downstream

Risk management process
- Integrated into multi-disciplinary company-wide risk management process
Frequency of assessment
More than once a year

Time horizon(s) covered
Short-term
Medium-term
Long-term

Description of process
Risk Management: Identification and reporting - We evaluate and report on potential risk factors, including risks that may be climate-related or carbon-related, in our company’s annual Form 10-K report to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Risks that may be associated with climate or carbon concerns can be physical risks associated with extreme weather events, regulatory risks associated with changing regulatory requirements and rate recoveries, and economic risks associated with additional required capital expenditures. Responses to identified climate-related risks are implemented as part of the company’s broader strategy. Assessment and response - We have an enterprise risk management program to assess, communicate and manage significant risks in a structured framework. The risk assessment process identifies key themes and trends, quantifies our key risks, and develops management plans and strategies. The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing Alliant Energy’s overall risk profile. The Audit Committee has been specifically delegated the responsibility for overseeing the enterprise risk management program. Programs, plans and actions are put in place to respond to risks that may be associated with climate or carbon concerns.

Value chain stage(s) covered
Direct operations
Upstream
Downstream

Risk management process
Integrated into multi-disciplinary company-wide risk management process

Frequency of assessment
More than once a year

Time horizon(s) covered
Short-term
Medium-term
Long-term

Description of process
Strategic Plan Opportunities: Alliant Energy is advancing clean energy. This aligns with our Value to Act for tomorrow – we use resources wisely, care for the environment and continuously improve ourselves and our company. Alliant Energy executives annually present to the Board a strategic business plan. Climate change opportunities are considered as part of the broader process that supports development of the company’s business strategy and associated plans. Alliant Energy recognizes the importance of using resources in efficient and environmentally responsible ways. Our company is striving to accelerate emissions reductions and achieve our Clean Energy Vision goals through implementation of a strategy that meets customer energy needs affordably, reliably, and safely. In addition, focusing on clean energy will help make our communities more competitive for economic development. Our Clean Energy Vision: Successful execution of our strategy will enable us to achieve our clean energy initiatives. By 2030: • Reduce our fossil fuel generation carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions by 50% from 2005 levels • Reduce our electric utility water supply by 75% from 2005 levels • Electrify 100% of our company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles • Partner to plant more than one million trees – one tree for each of our utility customers By 2040: • Eliminate all coal from our generation fleet By 2050: • Aspire to achieve net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate We will continue to review and update our Sustainable Energy Plan and Clean Energy Vision, based on future economic developments, evolving energy technologies and emerging trends in the communities we serve. Alliant Energy’s strategic plans have been influenced by climate change as we continue to pursue our Clean Energy Vision and its associated goals as part of broader efforts to decarbonize the economy. Our company is transitioning our energy to a cleaner mix and expanding cost-effective renewable resources and implementing alternative energy resources. We’re also investing in our electric and gas distribution infrastructure, making it stronger, smarter and more adaptable to support evolving energy technologies. Alliant Energy’s capital investments directly reflect our strategic plan opportunities. We have issued $1.1 billion in green bonds to finance affordable renewable energy projects. In 2020, we exceeded our goal that 30% of our energy mix come from carbon-free renewable resources, ten years early. Going forward, our plans include clean energy projects to build upon this success. We have completed our plan to add 1,150 megawatts of wind production – expanding our owned and operated regulated wind capacity to nearly 1,800 megawatts. In addition, our company has initiated plans to add nearly 1,500 megawatts of solar in Iowa and Wisconsin by the end of 2023 plus 100 megawatts of energy storage in Iowa by the end of 2026. To further advance our strategic plan, through 2024 we have future planned investments of over $2.2 billion to build additional renewable energy projects plus over $2.1 billion to continue our integrated grid initiatives to build smarter and more resilient energy infrastructure. One example of how our long-term business strategy has been influenced by climate change is our deliberate reshaping of our portfolio of energy resources by retiring fossil-fueled electric generation and expansion of company-owned renewables to improve our environmental performance and reduce CO2 emissions. We are accelerating efforts to reach our aspirational net-zero CO2 emissions reduction goal for the electricity we generate. We have retired over 1,100 megawatts of coal since 2005 and have announced plans to retire another 1,300 megawatts of coal by the end of 2024. Combined, these generation retirements represent a reduction of nearly 70% from our 2005 coal footprint based on nameplate capacity. Plans continue to be developed for phasing out of service remaining fossil-fueled electric generation units based on commercial availability of new technologies as well as customer affordability and energy reliability needs. Our customer-focused strategy is further identifying opportunities to support efforts to address climate change. Our growing portfolio of customer-focused energy solutions includes programs and products that support reductions in CO2 emissions. This includes our energy efficiency programs that help customers reduce their energy usage and related costs. Cumulative lifetime energy saving results through 2020 for our energy efficiency programs were approximately 2.6 million megawatt-hours and 31 million therms. In addition to our Second Nature program, we recently expanded forward-looking options for our Wisconsin and Iowa customers with three new voluntary programs including Community Solar, Customer Hosted Renewables, and Renewable Energy Partner. We enable even more renewable energy growth by connecting customer-owned and Independent Power Producer (IPP) projects. Our customer-owned distributed renewables have more than doubled in the last five years to over 140 megawatts installed nameplate capacity. Our renewable IPP projects, comprised of over 75% wind, further provide approximately 140 megawatts of capacity to our electric system. We are also working to increase business adoption of electric forklifts, electric truck refrigeration units, and replacing commercial transportation and delivery fleets with electric vehicles (EVs). Our company also supports residential adoption by sponsoring various rebates and educational events. Alliant Energy’s 2020 customer electrification results included: • 134 residential customer rebates toward Level 2 EV charging stations • 5 non-residential customer rebates resulting in 8 additional Level 2 EV charging ports • Rebates supporting electrification for 32 forklifts In addition, since 2020 we have assisted customers in securing over $5.5 million in external funding to advance electrification opportunities within our service area. Shareowner funding has also allowed Alliant Energy to install public charging stations (8 level 2 charging ports and 2 level 3 fast-charging stations) to study and help understand customer utilization, delivery system impacts, and driver behavior while providing Alliant Energy fleet vehicles with the added security of charging while conducting utility business. Through electrification, we believe that electricity can enable broader economy-wide carbon reductions.

By 2030: • Reduce our fossil fuel generation carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions by 50% from 2005 levels • Reduce our electric utility water supply by 75% from 2005 levels • Electrify 100% of our company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles • Partner to plant more than one million trees – one tree for each of our utility customers By 2040: • Eliminate all coal from our generation fleet By 2050: • Aspire to achieve net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate We will continue to review and update our Sustainable Energy Plan and Clean Energy Vision, based on future economic developments, evolving energy technologies and emerging trends in the communities we serve. Alliant Energy’s strategic plans have been influenced by climate change as we continue to pursue our Clean Energy Vision and its associated goals as part of broader efforts to decarbonize the economy. Our company is transitioning our energy to a cleaner mix and expanding cost-effective renewable resources and implementing alternative energy resources. We’re also investing in our electric and gas distribution infrastructure, making it stronger, smarter and more adaptable to support evolving energy technologies. Alliant Energy’s capital investments directly reflect our strategic plan opportunities. We have issued $1.1 billion in green bonds to finance affordable renewable energy projects. In 2020, we exceeded our goal that 30% of our energy mix come from carbon-free renewable resources, ten years early. Going forward, our plans include clean energy projects to build upon this success. We have completed our plan to add 1,150 megawatts of wind production – expanding our owned and operated regulated wind capacity to nearly 1,800 megawatts. In addition, our company has initiated plans to add nearly 1,500 megawatts of solar in Iowa and Wisconsin by the end of 2023 plus 100 megawatts of energy storage in Iowa by the end of 2026. To further advance our strategic plan, through 2024 we have future planned investments of over $2.2 billion to build additional renewable energy projects plus over $2.1 billion to continue our integrat...
C2.3a Which risk types are considered in your organization’s climate-related risk assessments?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Relevance &amp; Inclusion</th>
<th>Please explain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current regulation</td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Current regulations that address greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions are always taken into consideration when evaluating applicable compliance obligations related to operations including the determination of appropriate levels of controls, practices, permitting, monitoring, record-keeping, and reporting. Relevant examples for climate-related regulations include the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting requirements under 40 CFR Part 98. In addition, the New Source Review and Title V air permitting requirements for CO2 under the Clean Air Act, referred to as the Tailoring Rule under 40 CFR Parts 51 and 70. In addition, facilities with operations that are subject to environmental regulatory requirements are eligible for Environmental Assessments and are selected using a risk-based approach. Our leadership team endorses these compliance reviews, approves the assessment plans, and monitors the assessment outcomes and resolutions through a monthly Environmental Assessment Aging Scorecard report that lists the number of items resolved and unresolved per facility. The results of each assessment are discussed with facility managers and site personnel. The resolution of each item that is identified as tracked to completion in our Environmental Information Management System (EIMS). Assessment reports are shared with business unit management and other facilities. The overall assessment outcomes are used to plan and implement training programs as well as improve practices and procedures to ensure compliance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emerging regulation</td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alliant Energy proactively considers future climate-related environmental regulations as well as legislation in our strategic planning, decision-making, construction and ongoing operations activities. We track these regulatory developments at the Federal, state and local levels. Examples include the EPAs regulations for electric utilities to reduce CO2 under CAA Section 111(d) and the proposed New Source Performance Standards under CAA Section 111(b). Various legislative proposals and policy initiatives to address climate change at the national, state and local levels continue to be introduced. Regulation or legislation mandating CO2 emissions reductions or other clean energy standards could materially increase costs, causing some electric generating units to be uneconomical to operate or maintain. Our company monitors the regulatory environment closely to consider changes and trends as we develop and execute strategic plans. These outcomes also support our participation in the rulemaking process. This includes providing public comments both directly and through trade organizations to inform regulators regarding policy development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technology</td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cost and advancements in technology are considered as part of our company’s broader strategic planning. Our strategy will continue to contemplate broader changes in the energy sector including: - Two-way flow of energy using smarter and decentralized energy resources - Broad adoption of electric end-use technologies, including transportation - Increased use of renewable energy and battery-storage systems - Leveraging data systems to build smart and efficient infrastructure - Evolution of clean energy technologies and offsets to enable carbon emission elimination or mitigation beyond current capabilities Advances in technology could make some of our facilities uneconomic to maintain or operate and could affect unit retirement and replacement decisions. In addition, we consider current technology and expected technology advancements in developing our Clean Energy Vision goals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal</td>
<td>Relevant, sometimes included</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Legal challenges have the potential to change regulatory frameworks affecting our ability to operate electric generating units economically. Our company tracks litigation of various environmental and energy rules and regulations that may impact greenhouse gas emissions, renewable energy, or energy use in general (e.g., energy efficiency). Potential risks from legal uncertainties are used to guide our business plans and strategy to make them more robust and flexible to adapt over the long-term as policies change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Market</td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>We are focused on managing energy costs for customers while being environmentally responsible, including preparation for a carbon-constrained future. Our electric utility subsidiaries, Interstate Power and Light (IPL) and Wisconsin Power and Light (WPL), are market participants in the Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc. (MISO) Regional Transmission Organization. Through technical analysis, MISO establishes requirements for the long-term efficiency and reliability of the electrical system. Adequate generation supply, including a reserve margin, is a key component to planning a reliable electric network, and we are obligated to satisfy those supply requirements. By participating in MISO’s wholesale electricity markets, we provide customers in our service territory with reliable and cost-effective power. Changes in energy and fuel markets could make some of our electric generating units uneconomic to maintain or operate, and could affect unit retirement and replacement decisions. We monitor changes to MISO energy market policies and rules as well as actively participate in technical committees to help address these potential risks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reputation</td>
<td>Relevant, sometimes included</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Impairment of the company’s reputation could adversely affect the ability of our company to successfully implement our strategic plans to achieve our Clean Energy Vision goals. Therefore, Alliant Energy considers external stakeholder interests as we develop our strategic plans, including but not limited to customers, investors, regulators and non-governmental organizations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute physical</td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Our financial performance depends on the successful operation of our electric generation and distribution facilities. The operation of these facilities involves many risks, including the breakdown or failure of equipment or processes. Potential breakdown or failure may occur due to severe weather or catastrophic events (i.e., fires, tornadoes, floods, etc.). Unplanned outages at our electric generation facilities may reduce our revenues or cause us to incur significant costs if we are required to operate our higher cost electric generators or purchase replacement power from the MISO energy market to satisfy our obligations and could result in additional maintenance. Therefore, Alliant Energy’s broader strategy and operational plans consider that our physical assets may be affected by natural forces and invests in making our assets and operations more resilient to these risks. Preparation also includes redundant and flexible operations functions and facilities, as well as coordinating emergency response efforts for responding to risks such as storms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic physical</td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Our operations are subject to various conditions that can result in fluctuations in energy sales to customers, including varying weather conditions. Our results of operations and cash flows are affected by the demand for electricity, which can vary greatly based upon weather conditions. Our overall results may fluctuate substantially on a seasonal basis. Milder temperatures during the summer cooling season and during the winter heating season may result in lower revenues and net income. Therefore, Alliant Energy’s broader strategy and operational plans consider that our physical assets may be affected by these natural forces in order to be prepared and ready to respond. Our electric reliability and planning area evaluates the potential impacts of risks associated with weather events on system availability and reliability. We perform economic analyses of weather and energy use to establish historical relationships that are used for generation, financial and strategic planning. These analyses include long- and short-term forecasts of sales revenues and demand. Our Clean Energy Blueprint and integrated grid initiatives also are focused on hardening and resiliency efforts for our generation facilities and electric distribution system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C2.3

(C2.3) Have you identified any inherent climate-related risks with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

Yes

C2.3a

(C2.3a) Provide details of risks identified with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business.

**Identifier**

**Risk 1**

**Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?**

Downstream

**Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver**

**Market**

Changing customer behavior

**Primary potential financial impact**

Decreased revenues due to reduced demand for products and services

**Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification**

<Not Applicable>

**Company-specific description**

Demand for energy may decrease - Our results of operations are affected by the demand for energy in our service territories. Energy demand may decrease due to many things, including proliferation of customer and third-party-owned generation, technological advances that reduce the costs of renewable energy and storage solutions for our customers, loss of service territory or franchises, energy efficiency measures, technological advances that increase energy efficiency, third-party disruptors, loss of wholesale customers, the adverse impact of tariffs on our customers, and economic conditions. The loss of sales due to lower demand for energy may increase our rates...
for remaining customers, as our rates must cover our fixed costs. Increased customer rates may cause decreased demand for energy as customers move to customer and third-party-owned generation and implement energy efficiency measures to reduce costs. The loss of customers, the inability to replace those customers with new customers, and the decrease in demand for energy could negatively impact our financial condition and results of operations.

Time horizon
Short-term

Likelihood
Likely

Magnitude of impact
Unknown

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
No, we do not have this figure

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
Any of the described matters, as well as any regulatory delay in adjusting rates as a result of reduced sales from effective conservation measures or the adoption of new technologies, could adversely impact our results of operations and financial condition. A quantitative estimate of the inherent financial impacts of the risk is not currently available. Zero cost of management assigned because this cost is an inherent aspect of doing business as an energy company.

Cost of response to risk

Description of response and explanation of cost calculation
Alliant Energy’s strategic plan includes ongoing initiatives to advance energy solutions that provide our customers with more options based on their specific energy needs and preferences. Increased electrification that may result from transition to a low-carbon society could affect daily and seasonal demand for electricity. This potentially includes going from a summer-peak to a winter-peak system. Electric demand would rise significantly in the coldest months of the year, driven by heat pumps and the fact that electric vehicles would need more charge time to travel an equivalent distance in cold conditions. As part of our planning process, we estimate the impacts of these changes in customer growth and customer energy conservation efforts. Managing customer energy demand is an inherent aspect of doing business for regulated electric utility companies and our company expects to recover prudently incurred costs.

Comment

Identifier
Risk 2

Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?
Direct operations

Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver
Chronic physical
Other, please specify (Seasonal temperature fluctuations)

Primary potential financial impact
Decreased revenues due to reduced demand for products and services

Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification
<Not Applicable>

Company-specific description
Our utility business is seasonal and may be adversely affected by the impacts of weather - Electric and gas utility businesses are seasonal businesses. Demand for electricity is greater in the summer months associated with higher air conditioning needs and winter months associated with higher heating needs. Demand for natural gas depends significantly upon temperature patterns in winter months due to heavy use in residential and commercial heating. As a result, our overall operating results in the future may fluctuate substantially on a seasonal basis. In addition, we have historically generated less revenues and income when temperatures are warmer in the winter and/or cooler in the summer. Thus, mild winters and/or summers could have an adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

Time horizon
Short-term

Likelihood
About as likely as not

Magnitude of impact
Unknown

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
No, we do not have this figure

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
Our overall results may fluctuate substantially on a seasonal basis. Milder temperatures during the summer cooling season and during the winter heating season may result
in lower revenues and net income. A quantitative estimate of the inherent financial impacts of the risk is not currently available. Zero cost of management assigned because this cost is an inherent aspect of doing business as an energy company.

Cost of response to risk

Description of response and explanation of cost calculation

Alliant Energy's broader strategy and operational plans consider that our physical assets may be affected by these natural forces. Our electric reliability and planning area evaluates the potential impacts of risks associated with weather events on system availability and reliability. We perform economic analyses of weather and energy use to establish historical relationships that are used for generation, financial and strategic planning. These analyses include long- and short-term forecasts of sales revenues and demand. Alliant Energy's operational plans include flexibility to address the impacts of weather. Managing customer energy demand is an inherent aspect of doing business for regulated electric utility companies and our company expects to recover prudently incurred costs.

Comment

Identifier
Risk 3

Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?
Direct operations

Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emerging regulation</th>
<th>Mandates on and regulation of existing products and services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Primary potential financial impact

Other, please specify (Decreased revenues, reduced asset value, increased capital expenditures or O&M costs)

Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification

<Not Applicable>

Company-specific description

Actions related to global climate change and reducing greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions could impact us - Regulators, customers and investors continue to raise concerns about climate change and GHG emissions. National regulatory action is in flux and international regulatory actions continue to evolve. We are focused on executing a long-term strategy to deliver reliable and affordable energy with lower carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions independent of changing policies and political landscape. However, it is unclear how these climate change concerns will ultimately impact us. We could incur costs or other obligations to comply with future GHG regulations, and could become the target of legal claims or challenges, because generating electricity using fossil fuels emits CO2 and other GHG. Further, investors may determine that we are too reliant on fossil fuels, reducing demand for our stock, which may cause our stock price to decrease, or not buy our debt securities, which may cause our cost of capital to increase. We could face additional pressures from stakeholders to more rapidly reduce CO2 emissions on a voluntary-basis, including faster adoption of lower CO2 emitting technologies and management of excess renewable energy credits. The timing and pace to fully achieve decarbonization is also contingent on the future development of technologies to reliably store and manage electricity, as well as electrification of other economic sectors. The EPA's approach and timing for implementing rules to regulate CO2 emissions at fossil-fuel fired electric generating units remains undecided and subject to litigation and could change based on the new Presidential Administration. Various legislative and regulatory proposals to address climate change at the national, state and local levels continue to be introduced. Regulation or legislation mandating CO2 emissions reductions or other clean energy standards could materially increase costs, causing some electric generating units to be uneconomical to operate or maintain. We are vulnerable to potential risks associated with transition to a lower-carbon economy that may extend to our supply chain and natural gas operations. Furthermore, acute and chronic physical risks could disrupt our operations or affect our property.

Time horizon
Medium-term

Likelihood
More likely than not

Magnitude of impact
Unknown

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
No, we do not have this figure

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure

We cannot provide any assurance regarding the potential impacts of climate change policy or GHG regulations on our operations and how these could impact on our financial condition and results of operations. Future regulation of GHG emissions and any other related regulations that may be adopted in the future, at either the federal or state level, may cause our environmental compliance spending to differ materially from the amounts currently estimated. Current GHG emissions regulation, as well as future legislation or regulation that may be adopted, carries with it a wide range of possible effects on our energy business; therefore, we strive for the flexibility to react to a variety of potential outcomes while ensuring an affordable, safe and reliable electricity supply for our customers. A quantitative estimate of the inherent financial impacts of the risk is not currently available. Governance and project approval measures are in place to ensure that costs to comply with federal environmental regulations are prudently incurred. Zero cost of management assigned because this cost is an inherent aspect of doing business as an energy company.

Cost of response to risk

Description of response and explanation of cost calculation

Alliant Energy's strategic plan is intended to meet customer energy demand, reduce CO2 emissions, reduce reliance on wholesale market purchases and mitigate the impacts of future electric generating unit retirements while maintaining compliance with long-term electric demand planning reserve margins, environmental requirements and Renewable Energy Standards established by regulators - all while maintaining affordable electric rates. Implementing our strategic plan is an inherent aspect of doing business as a regulated electric utility company and our company expects to recover prudently incurred costs.

Comment
**Identifier**
Risk 4

**Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?**
Direct operations

**Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver**

| Acute physical | Increased severity and frequency of extreme weather events such as cyclones and floods |

**Primary potential financial impact**

Other, please specify (Increased repair costs and reduced sales due to outages resulting in customer service interruption)

**Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification**
<Not Applicable>

**Company-specific description**

Storms or other natural disasters may impact our operations in unpredictable ways - Storms and other natural disasters, including events such as floods, tornadoes, windstorms like the 2020 derecho in Iowa, blizzards, ice storms, extreme hot temperatures, extreme cold temperatures, fires, solar flares or pandemics may adversely impact our ability to generate, purchase or distribute electric energy and gas or obtain fuel or other critical supplies. In addition, we could incur large costs to repair damage to our generating facilities and electric and gas infrastructure, or costs related to environmental remediation, due to storms or other natural disasters. The restoration costs may not be fully covered by insurance policies and may not be fully recovered in rates, or recovery in rates may be delayed. Storms and natural disasters may impact our customers and the resulting reduced demand for energy could cause lower sales and revenues, which may not be replaced or recovered in rates, or rate recovery may be delayed. Any of these items could adversely impact our financial condition and results of operations.

**Time horizon**
Unknown

**Likelihood**
About as likely as not

**Magnitude of impact**
Medium-high

**Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?**
No, we do not have this figure

**Potential financial impact figure (currency)**
<Not Applicable>

**Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)**
<Not Applicable>

**Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)**
<Not Applicable>

**Explanation of financial impact figure**

Any of the described events could lead to substantial financial losses. Unplanned outages at our power plants may reduce our revenues or cause us to incur significant costs if we are required to operate our higher-cost electric generators or purchase replacement power to satisfy our obligations and could result in additional maintenance expenses. Significant repair and replacement of supporting infrastructure on the electricity distribution system may be needed. A quantitative estimate of the inherent financial impacts of the risk is not currently available. Due to unpredictability and uncertainties these costs need to be assessed on a case-specific basis depending on the outcome of the natural disaster. Our company works closely with our state and federal regulatory agencies on natural disaster preparation and response plans to address impacts. Alliant Energy carries property insurance with limits, coverage terms and retentions that are in line with industry standards for utilities of similar size and geographic location.

**Cost of response to risk**

**Description of response and explanation of cost calculation**

We assess and adjust for weather-related risks in our daily operations in order to improve reliability and resilience, safety and customer satisfaction. Alliant Energy's operational plans include flexibility to address the impacts of weather, we have a dedicated Emergency Operations Center and the company's Business Continuity Plan addresses risks of events such as those caused by severe weather. Our strategic plans include investments to modernize our electric infrastructure to make it more resilient. Providing safe and reliable power to our customers and responding quickly to restore service during storms or other natural disaster events is an inherent aspect of doing business for regulated electric utility companies and our company expects to recover prudently incurred costs.

**Comment**

**Identifier**
Risk 5

**Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?**
Direct operations

**Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver**

| Current regulation | Mandates on and regulation of existing products and services |

**Primary potential financial impact**

Other, please specify (Decreased revenues, reduced asset value, increased capital expenditures or O&M costs)

**Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification**
<Not Applicable>

**Company-specific description**

Our utility business is significantly impacted by government legislation, regulation and oversight - Our utility financial condition is influenced by how regulatory authorities, including the Iowa Utilities Board (IUB), the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin (PSCW) and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), establish the rates we
can charge our customers, our authorized rates of return and common equity levels, and the costs that may be recovered from customers. In addition, our operations are subject to extensive regulation primarily by the IUB, the PSCW and FERC. We are also subject to oversight and monitoring by organizations such as the North American Electric Reliability Corporation, the Midwest Reliability Organization, the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, and the Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc. (MISO). The impacts on our operations include: our ability to site and construct renewable energy projects; our ability to decommission generating facilities; the rates paid to transmission operators and how those costs are recovered from customers; our ability to recover costs to upgrade our electric and gas distribution systems to support cleaner energy resources; the amount of certain sources of energy we must use, such as renewable sources; reliability requirements such as resource adequacy requirements and energy capacity standards. These regulatory authorities and organizations are also empowered to impose financial penalties and other sanctions, including requirements to implement new compliance programs.

**Time horizon**
Short-term

**Likelihood**
Unlikely

**Magnitude of impact**
Low

**Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?**
No, we do not have this figure

**Potential financial impact figure (currency)**
<Not Applicable>

**Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)**
<Not Applicable>

**Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)**
<Not Applicable>

**Explanation of financial impact figure**
Our ability to timely obtain rate adjustments to earn authorized rates of return depends upon timely regulatory action under applicable statutes and regulations and cannot be guaranteed. In future rate reviews, IPL and WPL may not receive an adequate amount of rate relief to recover all costs and earn their authorized rates of return, rates may be reduced, rate refunds may be required, rate adjustments may not be approved on a timely basis, costs may not be otherwise recovered through rates, future rates may be temporarily frozen, certain rate base items may not receive a full weighted average cost of capital, and authorized rates of return on capital may be reduced. As a result, we may experience adverse impacts on our financial condition and results of operations. In addition, regulatory oversight and regulation could cause failure to obtain approvals in a timely manner, or result in approvals with uneconomical conditions, that may cause our company not to pursue the construction of projects or to record an impairment of our assets and may have a material adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations. Changes to energy-related regulations could materialize increase our costs or cause us to reconsider our strategy, which could have a material adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

**Cost of response to risk**

**Description of response and explanation of cost calculation**
Alliant Energy works diligently to communicate frequently with and maintain good relationships with our regulators. Our company also proactively plans for compliance with emerging or changing regulations as part of our broader strategic planning processes. Implementing our strategic plan is an inherent aspect of doing business as a regulated electric utility company and our company expects to recover prudently incurred costs.

**Comment**

**Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?**
Direct operations

**Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Market</th>
<th>Uncertainty in market signals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Primary potential financial impact**

**Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification**
<Not Applicable>

**Company-specific description**
Changes to certain tax elections, tax regulations and future taxable income could negatively impact our financial condition and results of operations. - Our utility business currently operates wind generating facilities, which generate production tax credits for us to use to reduce our federal tax obligations. The amount of production tax credits we earn is dependent on the date the qualifying generating facilities are placed in-service, the level of electricity output generated by our qualifying generating facilities and the applicable tax credit rate. If there is a disagreement on the in-service date, the amount of production tax credits that we can generate may be significantly reduced. A variety of operating and economic parameters, including transmission constraints, the imbalance of supply and demand of wind energy resulting in unfavorable pricing for wind energy, adverse weather conditions and breakdown or failure of equipment, could significantly reduce the production tax credits generated by our wind farms resulting in a material adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations. Our strategic plan includes developing solar generating facilities, which are expected to generate investment tax credits. Investment tax credits are dependent on the date the qualifying generating facilities begin construction and the costs of the qualifying generating facilities. If there is a disagreement on the dates construction began and ended or the qualifying costs, the amount of investment tax credits awarded may be significantly reduced, possibly adversely impacting our financial condition and results of operations.

**Time horizon**
Short-term

**Likelihood**
Unlikely

**Magnitude of impact**
Medium-low

**Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?**
No, we do not have this figure
No, we do not have this figure

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
Alliant Energy cannot determine the potential financial impact of changes to wind production tax credit or solar investment tax credit policies, since there are many uncertainties including what these revisions might be, and the generation amounts of our renewable resources in the MISO energy markets.

Cost of response to risk

Description of response and explanation of cost calculation
Our company’s public affairs department monitors tax-related issues closely for potential legislation or regulation that could impact our operation of renewable generation or qualification for production tax credits for our owned wind or investment tax credits for solar facilities. Implementing our strategic plan is an inherent aspect of doing business as a regulated electric utility company and our company expects to recover prudently incurred costs.

Comment

Identifier
Risk 7

Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?
Direct operations

Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Technology</th>
<th>Transitioning to lower emissions technology</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Primary potential financial impact
Decreased revenues due to reduced production capacity

Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification
<Not Applicable>

Company-specific description
Our strategy includes large construction projects, which are subject to risks - Our strategy includes constructing renewable generating facilities and large-scale additions and upgrades to our electric and gas distribution systems. These construction projects are subject to various risks. These risks include: the inability to obtain necessary permits in a timely manner; adverse interpretation or enforcement of permit conditions; changes in applicable laws or regulations; changes in costs of materials, equipment, commodities, fuel or labor; delays caused by construction accidents or injuries; shortages in materials, equipment and qualified labor; changes to the scope or timing of the projects; general contractors or subcontractors not performing as required under their contracts; the inability to agree to contract terms or disputes in contract terms; poor initial cost estimates; work stoppages; adverse weather conditions; government actions; legal action; unforeseen engineering or technology issues; limited access to capital or other proposed financing arrangements such as tax equity financing; and other adverse economic conditions.

Time horizon
Short-term

Likelihood
Unlikely

Magnitude of impact
Unknown

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
No, we do not have this figure

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
We may not be able to recover all costs for the projects in rates and face increased risk of potential impairment of our project investment if a construction project is not completed or is delayed, or if final costs exceed expectations or the costs approved by our regulators. Inability to recover costs, or inability to complete projects in a timely manner, could adversely impact our financial condition and results of operations. However, Alliant Energy has a long track record of completing large capital projects on time and within budgets.

Cost of response to risk

Description of response and explanation of cost calculation
Implementing our strategic plan is an inherent aspect of doing business as a regulated electric utility company and our company expects to recover prudently incurred costs.

Comment

Identifier
Risk 8

Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?
Direct operations

**Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver**

| Technology | Transitioning to lower emissions technology |

**Primary potential financial impact**
Decreased revenues due to reduced production capacity

**Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification**
*Not Applicable*

**Company-specific description**
Energy industry changes could have a negative effect on our businesses - We operate in a highly regulated business environment. The advent of new and unregulated markets has the potential to significantly impact our financial condition and results of operations. Further, competitors may not be subject to the same operating, regulatory and financial requirements that we are, potentially causing a substantial competitive disadvantage for us. Changes in public policy that could be the result of a new Presidential Administration, such as new tax incentives that we cannot take advantage of or efforts to deregulate the utility industry, could provide an advantage to competitors. Changes in technology could also alter the channels through which electric customers buy or utilize power, which could reduce the revenues or increase the expenses of our utility companies. Increased competition in our primary retail electric service territories may have an adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

**Time horizon**
Medium-term

**Likelihood**
Unlikely

**Magnitude of impact**
Unknown

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
No, we do not have this figure

**Potential financial impact figure (currency)**
*Not Applicable*

**Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)**
*Not Applicable*

**Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)**
*Not Applicable*

**Explanation of financial impact figure**
The potential financial effects of deregulation of energy markets or third-party competitors on our customer load cannot be predicted. Alliant Energy's business plans do evaluate customer loads and changes to understand fluctuations and drivers for variations. These factors are considered in our longer-term strategic planning and integrated resource plans to balance energy supply with customer demand. In addition, we invest in research and development and other technology programs to inform our strategic planning efforts.

**Cost of response to risk**
Implementing our strategic plan is an inherent aspect of doing business as a regulated electric utility company and our company expects to recover prudently incurred costs.

**Comment**

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**C2.4**

**C2.4 Have you identified any climate-related opportunities with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?**

Yes

**C2.4a**

**C2.4a Have details of opportunities identified with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business.**

**Identifier**
Opp1

**Where in the value chain does the opportunity occur?**
Downstream

**Opportunity type**
Products and services

**Primary climate-related opportunity driver**
Development and/or expansion of low emission goods and services

**Primary potential financial impact**
Increased revenues resulting from increased demand for products and services

**Company-specific description**
Electrification can enable broader economy-wide carbon reductions. Alliant Energy’s strategy supports expanding electric usage in its service territories by promoting...
Alliant Energy invests in research with the Electric Power Research Institute on electrification-related to both transportation and customer productivity. Our company also has dedicated employees that are supporting our electrification efforts and we have also supported various customer rebates. We participate in various stakeholder groups that are working to develop strategies to enable efficiency and effective expansion of electrification initiatives in the Midwest. We monitor developments in the following areas to determine if action should be taken: - Financial incentives for alternative energy technologies - Electric vehicle models offered by car manufacturers - Sales of electric vehicles and percent of new car sales - Availability and types of public charging stations - Customer opinions about electric vehicle options - Commercial and industrial electrification technology developments

Comment

**Identification**

Opp2

**Where in the value chain does the opportunity occur?**

Direct operations

**Opportunity type**

Resilience

**Primary climate-related opportunity driver**

Other, please specify (integrated grid initiatives)

**Primary potential financial impact**

Other, please specify (We earn an authorized rate of return on our capital expenditures on assets for our integrated grid initiatives. These initiatives will also reduce our operating costs and provide customers with improved access to clean energy options.)

**Company-specific description**

Integrated Grid: Alliant Energy's integrated grid strategic initiatives will transform our distribution system into a continuous two-way flow of electricity and digital information. The projects leverage new technologies and tools in order to satisfy emerging customer requirements. These include: - Upgrading to higher 25-KV voltage - Undergrounding electric distribution lines (new and replacement) - Fiber-optic cable installation to enhance our telecommunications network - Updating our control center by implementing an Advanced Distribution Management System - Conducting pilot projects to test new digital technologies and energy storage

**Time horizon**

Short-term

**Likelihood**

Very likely

**Magnitude of impact**

Medium-high

**Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?**

Yes, a single figure estimate

**Potential financial impact figure (currency)**

106000000

**Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)**

14000000

**Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)**

18000000

**Explanation of financial impact figure**

With a 1% increase in sales due to electrification, we would estimate electric margins could increase between $14 million and $18 million on an annual basis.

**Strategy to realize opportunity and explanation of cost calculation**

The breadth of potential customer-related initiatives makes a single cost estimate unreliable. Alliant Energy invests in research with the Electric Power Research Institute on electrification-related to both transportation and customer productivity. Our company also has dedicated employees that are supporting our electrification efforts and we have also supported various customer rebates. We participate in various stakeholder groups that are working to develop strategies to enable efficiency and effective expansion of electrification initiatives in the Midwest. We monitor developments in the following areas to determine if action should be taken: - Financial incentives for alternative energy technologies - Electric vehicle models offered by car manufacturers - Sales of electric vehicles and percent of new car sales - Availability and types of public charging stations - Customer opinions about electric vehicle options - Commercial and industrial electrification technology developments

**Comment**

**Identifier**

Opp2

**Where in the value chain does the opportunity occur?**

Direct operations

**Opportunity type**

Resilience

**Primary climate-related opportunity driver**

Other, please specify (integrated grid initiatives)

**Primary potential financial impact**

Other, please specify (We earn an authorized rate of return on our capital expenditures on assets for our integrated grid initiatives. These initiatives will also reduce our operating costs and provide customers with improved access to clean energy options.)

**Company-specific description**

Integrated Grid: Alliant Energy's integrated grid strategic initiatives will transform our distribution system into a continuous two-way flow of electricity and digital information. The projects leverage new technologies and tools in order to satisfy emerging customer requirements. These include: - Upgrading to higher 25-KV voltage - Undergrounding electric distribution lines (new and replacement) - Fiber-optic cable installation to enhance our telecommunications network - Updating our control center by implementing an Advanced Distribution Management System - Conducting pilot projects to test new digital technologies and energy storage

**Time horizon**

Short-term

**Likelihood**

Very likely

**Magnitude of impact**

Medium-high

**Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?**

Yes, a single figure estimate

**Potential financial impact figure (currency)**

106000000

**Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)**

14000000

**Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)**

18000000

**Explanation of financial impact figure**

With a 1% increase in sales due to electrification, we would estimate electric margins could increase between $14 million and $18 million on an annual basis.
Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)

Explanation of financial impact figure
Alliant Energy has over $2.1 billion in planned investments to build smarter and more resilient energy infrastructure. Assuming a 50/50 debt equity ratio and a return on equity of 10%, Alliant Energy will earn an annual return on $106,000,000 off of its $2.1 billion investment in distribution systems from 2021-2024. This is an approximate return for the first year after the full value of investments are included in rate base.

Cost to realize opportunity
210,000,000

Strategy to realize opportunity and explanation of cost calculation
Alliant Energy’s efforts to modernize electric infrastructure is part of our company’s ongoing strategic plan implementation. Providing safe and reliable power is an inherent aspect of doing business for regulated electric utility companies and our company expects to recover prudently incurred costs.

Comment

Identifier
Opp3

Where in the value chain does the opportunity occur?
Direct operations

Opportunity type
Energy source

Primary climate-related opportunity driver
Use of lower-emission sources of energy

Primary potential financial impact
Returns on investment in low-emission technology

Company-specific description
Wind Expansion: Alliant Energy expanded our utility-owned wind farms in 2019 and 2020 with an additional 1,150 megawatts - making Alliant Energy the 3rd largest utility owner-operator of regulated wind in the U.S. Expanding the presence of zero-carbon resources in our fleet creates new investment opportunities and reduces our exposure to potential future climate regulations. As a regulated utility company, our financial earnings are driven by the allowed specified rate of return on rate base. Our reliance on fossil-fueled generation to produce electricity for our customers, in particular coal, continues to decline as a percentage of our total rate base while we install more clean energy like wind.

Time horizon
Short-term

Likelihood
Virtually certain

Magnitude of impact
High

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
100,000,000

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
This is the estimated return on investment for renewable energy capital expenditures of $2 billion by our regulated electric utilities being placed in-service by Alliant Energy between 2016 and 2020. Assumes a 50/50 debt equity ratio and a return on equity of 10%. This figure represents an annual impact for the first year and the full value of the investments are included in our regulated utilities rate base. There are customer savings that offset the impact of this investment on customer bills, including production tax credits and lower fuel expenses.

Cost to realize opportunity
200,000,000

Strategy to realize opportunity and explanation of cost calculation
By the end of 2020, we have invested $2 billion in new wind farms for our regulated electric utilities providing power to our Iowa and Wisconsin customers. More specifically, our company's Resource Development and Generation Strategic Implementation and Strategic Project teams successfully executed completion of our newest wind farms. Alliant Energy's owned and operated regulated wind capacity is approximately 1,800 megawatts. As Alliant Energy continues to add more renewable energy resources as part of our future Clean Energy Vision and ongoing strategic plan implementation, our company obtains all required regulatory approvals for these customer-focused investments and expects to recover prudently incurred costs.

Comment
This expansion of wind energy also delivers strong economic benefits to local communities. Participating counties, communities and schools will receive an estimate of up to $730 million in property taxes over 40 years. Landowners will receive approximately $342 million in lease payments over the same time.
Primary climate-related opportunity driver
Development of new products or services through R&D and innovation

Primary potential financial impact
Returns on investment in low-emission technology

Company-specific description
Technology Development: In 2017, Alliant Energy joined Energy Impact Partners (EIP). EIP brings together leading innovators with energy companies to create a cleaner, more secure and resilient future. This unique partnership is funded through our non-utility affiliate, Alliant Energy Finance, LLC. Leveraging the resources from EIP supports our company’s strategy to provide sustainable solutions for our customers, such as providing digital tools to help them better understand and manage their real-time energy use and maximize the benefits of smart home technologies. It also supports our deployment of data analytics to manage energy flow as the grid evolves with increasing adoption of distributed renewable generation and electrification. EIP screens all investments qualitatively to ensure that they do not increase net emissions or impede the clean energy transition. Both direct and indirect climate-related benefits are realized by EIP projects either through reduced emissions or by providing foundational technology to support the transition to cleaner energy resources. Many of the products sold by EIP’s portfolio companies save energy, or replace fossil-fueled electricity with clean energy, in a direct and measurable way. There are 11 companies in EIP portfolio that have quantifiable environmental benefits including lifetime savings totaling about 25 million metric tons of CO2e. Additional information on progress to reduce carbon emissions and climate impacts through this partnership is available in EIP’s Environmental Metrics Report: http://www.energyimpactpartners.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/EIP-2020-ESG-and-Impact-Performance-Report-1.pdf This past year, we’re excited to share EIP expanded their portfolio of investments to include a focus on deep decarbonization technologies in addition to closing the substantial representation and wealth gap that exists in technology, venture capital and sustainable energy.

Time horizon
Medium-term

Likelihood
Very certain

Magnitude of impact
Medium

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
No, we do not have this figure

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
The financial impacts and future benefits for our company are dependent on the results of EIP’s investments in high-growth companies and ultimately their success. EIP screens hundreds of companies and then works with its partners to make strategic investments in what is assessed as potentially the most promising opportunities. By partnering with other investors our company can leverage our investments and maximize the potential opportunities that could develop from EIP’s portfolio.

Cost to realize opportunity
Strategy to realize opportunity and explanation of cost calculation
EIP is a platform created by utilities and for utilities, working with a proven collaborative investment model to bring innovators, capital and incumbents together to make a difference. It offers more efficient and robust analysis for markets being pursued, by investigating and investing in multiple businesses on a smaller scale. This reduces risk versus larger capital investments in a smaller set of opportunities. Together, we work with EIP members to identify emerging trends, new technologies and innovative business models to build a better energy future. This unique partnership is funded through our non-utility affiliate, Alliant Energy Finance, LLC. Our company’s key investment categories include smart energy tools, asset optimization, distributed energy resources, software for the modern grid, and electrification. Alliant Energy has dedicated employees to manage our EIP investment and technical experts assigned to provide input and guidance on these investments through an established EIP council. Our company is also leveraging the investment through direct participation in pilot studies. For example, Alliant Energy is one of the first utilities in the U.S. to test the Sense® energy monitoring technology in homes. The Sense monitor’s technology identifies individual devices so customers can track what’s on and off and how much energy each one uses. This information is delivered to a mobile app, which translates usage into cost. Results show that residential electric customers could reduce their overall energy use by up to 9% by taking a thorough inventory of everything that’s plugged in and selectively shutting down unused, always-on devices. This could save customers up to $90 per household per year, or nearly one month’s typical electricity bill. These energy savings also translate into less electric demand from our utilities and reduced emissions. Our company has enrolled 300 customers since 2018 and plans to install another 100 monitors by the end of 2021. We’ll learn from customer feedback and continue to assess the pilot results working with our regulators and the state-wide utility-mandated energy-efficiency program (Focus on Energy). By helping our customers to save on their energy costs, our company builds stronger relationships while lowering operational costs, electricity demand and associated emissions.

Comment

Identifier
Opp5

Where in the value chain does the opportunity occur?
Direct operations

Opportunity type
Energy source

Primary climate-related opportunity driver
Use of lower-emission sources of energy

Primary potential financial impact
Returns on investment in low-emission technology

Company-specific description
Solar Expansion: Alliant Energy has planned investments of $1.8 billion to build solar projects totaling 1,500 megawatts by 2023 as part of the company’s Clean Energy Blueprint. The Clean Energy Blueprint is our strategic roadmap to accelerate our transition to renewable energy while reducing carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions.
Short-term

Likelihood
Virtually certain

Magnitude of impact
Medium

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
55000000

Explanation of financial impact figure
This is the estimated return on investment for renewable energy capital expenditures of $1.8 billion by our regulated electric utilities being placed in-service by Alliant Energy between 2021 and 2023. Assumes tax equity funding of $0.7 billion which will offset capital expenditures and reduce rate base, a 50/50 debt equity ratio and a return on equity of 10%. This figure represents an annual impact for the first year and the full value of the investments are included in our regulated utilities rate base. There are customer savings that offset the impact of this investment on customer bills, including production tax credits and lower fuel expenses. As a regulated utility company, our financial earnings are driven by the allowed specified rate of return on rate base. Our reliance on fossil-fueled generation to produce electricity for our customers, in particular coal, continues to decline as a percentage of our total rate base while we install more clean energy like solar.

Cost to realize opportunity
110000000

Strategy to realize opportunity and explanation of cost calculation
In 2019, Alliant Energy announced its plan to install approximately 1,000 MW of solar generation in Wisconsin by 2023 as part of the company's Clean Energy Blueprint. In 2021, our regulated Wisconsin electric utility received approval to acquire, construct, own, and operate six utility-scale solar projects totaling 675 megawatts (MW) in six Wisconsin counties. Collectively, these projects are expected to create more than 1,200 local construction jobs, and, once operational, will provide an estimated $60 million in local tax revenues over the next 30 years. Along with the rest of the Clean Energy Blueprint, these projects will help customers avoid more than $2 billion in long-term costs. This initial phase includes: 200 MW in Grant County from NextEra Energy Resources 150 MW in Sheboygan County from Ranger Power 150 MW in Wood County from Savion 75 MW in Jefferson County from Ranger Power 50 MW in Rock County from Geronimo Energy 50 MW in Richland County from Savion. The estimated total cost is $862 million with expected project completion and commercial operation of all six solar sites by the end of 2023. In March 2021, our regulated Wisconsin electric utility filed a second CA for 414 MW of solar in six Wisconsin counties. Once the projects are operational, local communities will receive an estimated $50 million in shared revenues – for the next 30 years – to use in a variety of ways, such as funding local fire departments, investing in school programs and upgrading park facilities. Additionally, local landowners will receive a combined $60 million in lease payments over 30 years. These projects, five of which are being self-developed by Alliant Energy, are expected to create more than 800 local construction jobs across the five counties. They include: 50 MW in Green County 150 MW in Dodge County (two projects) 50 MW in Grant County 65 MW in Rock County 99 MW in Waushara County. The CA application to advance these projects was filed under docket number 6680-CE-183. As Alliant Energy continues to add more renewable energy resources as part of our future Clean Energy Vision and ongoing strategic plan implementation, our company obtains all required regulatory approvals for these customer-focused investments and expects to recover prudently incurred costs.

Comment
The cost to realize opportunity is the estimated full cost of solar, less estimated tax equity financing received.

Identifier
Opp6

Where in the value chain does the opportunity occur?
Direct operations

Opportunity type
Energy source

Primary climate-related opportunity driver
Use of lower-emission sources of energy

Primary potential financial impact
Increased revenues resulting from increased demand for products and services

Company-specific description
New Customer Renewable Options: Alliant Energy is expanding renewable options for our Wisconsin and Iowa customers with three new voluntary programs.

Time horizon
Short-term

Likelihood
Virtually certain

Magnitude of impact
Medium-low

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
No, we do not have this figure

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>
**Explanation of financial impact figure**
These are brand new programs and the extent that our customers will request them remains to be determined.

**Cost to realize opportunity**

**Strategy to realize opportunity and explanation of cost calculation**
Alliant Energy recently further expanded renewable options for our Wisconsin and Iowa customers with three new voluntary programs. These Alliant Energy offerings include: • Community Solar – This program allows customers to subscribe to energy from a centralized solar garden in a nearby community, establishing a long-term customer connection. This program provides another option for customers to participate in solar energy as a renewable alternative who may not choose or be able to host solar power on their home or business; • Customer Hosted Renewables – This program allows Alliant Energy to partner with commercial and industrial customers who desire on-site renewable energy resources, in exchange for a lease payment to the customer. • Renewable Energy Partner – This program is tailored to the needs of commercial and industrial customers that are tied to dedicated renewable resources. Customers with multiple accounts would be able to aggregate their service under a single renewable energy contract. Customers can meet their sustainability goals in receiving renewable energy credits associated with the renewable resource.

**Comment**
These new renewable options for our customers are in addition to Alliant Energy's existing Second Nature program. Our Second Nature program allows our residential and non-residential customers to support electricity generated from wind and solar resources located in Iowa and Wisconsin. There is no special equipment to buy, and no lifestyle changes needed. Residential customers can choose from three participation levels: 25%, 50% or 100% of their annual usage. All other customers can elect a flat monthly amount. At the end of 2020, there were 7,635 customers were participating in Wisconsin and 5,374 customers in Iowa. A third party verifies annually that all electricity purchased on behalf of Second Nature participants comes from qualified renewable resources.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identifier</th>
<th>Opp7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Where in the value chain does the opportunity occur?</td>
<td>Downstream</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opportunity type</td>
<td>Energy source</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary climate-related opportunity driver</td>
<td>Use of lower-emission sources of energy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary potential financial impact</td>
<td>Returns on investment in low-emission technology</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Company-specific description**
Low Carbon Resources Initiative - As Alliant Energy moves forward with our Clean Energy Vision, we have joined with a multi-faceted group of like-minded partners in a five-year effort to swiftly develop and demonstrate low- and zero-carbon energy technologies. The Low-Carbon Resources Initiative (LCRI) is spearheaded by the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) and the Gas Technology Institute (GTI). LCRI will focus on exploring new promising technologies to reduce energy-related carbon emissions from the electric and gas industries in order to accelerate their development and demonstration. Some of the areas LCRI will advance are clean hydrogen, bioenergy and renewable natural gas – with the goal to develop affordable approaches across all industries to reduce carbon emissions associated with climate change. The results of this important work will help guide our company as we work toward our aspirational goal of net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate by 2050.

**Time horizon**
Short-term

**Likelihood**
Virtually certain

**Magnitude of impact**
Unknown

**Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?**
No, we do not have this figure

**Potential financial impact figure (currency)**
<Not Applicable>

**Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)**
<Not Applicable>

**Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)**
<Not Applicable>

**Explanation of financial impact figure**
Alliant Energy joined at end of 2020 as an Anchor Sponsor. It is too soon to determine a potential future impact of this research effort as well as to project what future technologies could be from new and developing technologies until they are commercially available. However, as a regulated electric utility, our company expects that it would earn a return on investment when these future low emissions technologies are implemented as part of our integrated resource plans to provide energy to our customers.

**Cost to realize opportunity**

**Strategy to realize opportunity and explanation of cost calculation**
Alliant Energy is actively participating in several LCRI technical subcommittees to guide and provide input to the research efforts. For example: • Renewable Fuels Production Committee - Focus on Renewable Natural Gas and other Biofuels - Hydrocarbon Based Committee - Focus on production of alternative energy carriers, including hydrogen from steam methane reformation for hydrogen production - Electrolysis Committee - Focus on producing hydrogen and ammonia with electricity; integration of renewables - Storage and Delivery Committee - Focus on storage and transport of hydrogen and also natural gas pipeline blending - Power Generation Committee - Focus on end use of the low/zero carbon fuel (e.g. hydrogen) for generation - Transport, Industry & Buildings Committee - Focus on use of alternative energy carriers for both fuels and feedstock - Integrated Energy Analysis Committee - Focus on using models to understand deep decarbonization - Safety & Environmental Impacts Committee - Focus on lifecycle environmental impacts as well as research on safety standards

**Comment**

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CDP Page 19 of 52
C3. Business Strategy

C3.1
(C3.1) Have climate-related risks and opportunities influenced your organization's strategy and/or financial planning?
Yes, and we have developed a low-carbon transition plan

C3.1a
(C3.1a) Is your organization's low-carbon transition plan a scheduled resolution item at Annual General Meetings (AGMs)?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Is your low-carbon transition plan a scheduled resolution item at AGMs?</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No, and we do not intend it to become a scheduled resolution item within the next two years</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C3.2
(C3.2) Does your organization use climate-related scenario analysis to inform its strategy?
Yes, qualitative and quantitative

C3.2a
(C3.2a) Provide details of your organization's use of climate-related scenario analysis.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Climate-related scenarios and models applied</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Strategic business plans and integrated resource plan development)</td>
<td>Alliant Energy factors climate-related scenarios as part of the company's broader strategic business plans and integrated resource plan development. Our electric utility subsidiaries, IPL and WPL, are market participants in the Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc. (MISO) Regional Transmission Organization. By participating in MISO's wholesale electricity markets, we provide customers in our service area with reliable and affordable power. Through technical analysis, MISO establishes requirements for the long-term efficiency and reliability of the electrical system. Adequate generation supply, including a reserve margin, is a key component to planning a reliable electric network, and we are obligated to satisfy those supply requirements. Overall, the process begins with an electric sales forecast (residential, commercial, industrial and wholesale). This is normalized for temperature and considers energy efficiency, distributed generation, and other factors such as future electrification of transportation and other activities. Computer models are applied to assess the performance of various energy resource alternatives over a planning horizon that often covers 15 to 40 years. This includes evaluation of how energy and capacity needs balance with supply, for example by using a year-by-year load forecast of both the energy required at the time of maximum consumption and the total amount of energy consumed over time. Energy supply alternatives are then modeled using expected performance characteristics, operating and capital costs. Integrated resource planning supports refinement of our company's strategy by examining a wide range of future planning scenarios including policy mandates and regulations or other initiatives to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. This supports portfolio optimization and risk analyses across planning scenarios. Alliant Energy uses an integrated resource planning process to: 1) Assess future energy and capacity needs under a variety of possible future scenarios with varying economic and regulatory policy outlooks. 2) Evaluate potential performance of various energy supply resources and mixes under a range of future scenarios. 3) Inform development of an action plan projected to satisfy energy and capacity needs safely, efficiently and responsibly. Ultimately, results are assessed considering our strategy and non-quantifiable risks that cannot be considered in the model. This guides our decisions on the best future energy resources to meet our customers' electricity needs. Long-term generation plans are intended to meet customer demand, reduce CO2 emissions, reduce reliance on wholesale market purchases and mitigate the impacts of future EGU retirements while maintaining compliance with long-term electric demand planning reserve margins, environmental requirements and renewable energy standards established by regulators. Strategic plans are reviewed and approved by the company's Board of Directors annually or more frequently as needed. Integrated resource plans and related projects are approved on a case-by-case basis by our regulators including the Iowa Utilities Board and the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin. These plans must also satisfy reliability and reserve requirements of the MISO energy markets.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C3.3
(C3.3) Describe where and how climate-related risks and opportunities have influenced your strategy.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Have climate-related risks and opportunities influenced your strategy in this area?</th>
<th>Description of influence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Products and services</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply chain and/or value chain</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment in R&amp;D</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operations</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C3.4

(C3.4) Describe where and how climate-related risks and opportunities have influenced your financial planning.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Financial planning elements that have been influenced</th>
<th>Description of influence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenues</td>
<td>Integrated resource planning supports refinement of our company's strategy by examining a wide range of future planning scenarios. More specifically, this includes consideration of our voluntary CO2 reduction goals as well as potential future carbon policies and pricing. Resource plan sensitivity analyses then further considers additional variables including but not limited to: existing and new generating facilities; environmental costs and limits; fuel prices; capacity prices; market energy, and generating facility retirements. For example, scenario evaluation identified that over the long-term savings in fossil fuel costs could be used to offset capital expenditures to add new renewable generation. Our integrated resource planning process resulted in our investment in 1,150 MW of additional wind between 2016 and 2020, and has identified investment in an additional 1,500 MW of solar between 2019 and 2023. Our integrated grid strategic initiatives will transform our distribution system into a continuous two-way flow of electricity and digital information. The projects leverage new technologies and tools in order to satisfy emerging customer requirements. These investments will renew and modernize delivery networks, reduce operating costs, enhance generating facility diversity, and improve energy efficiency. Examples include: - Smart meters installed providing customers with advanced metering infrastructure (AMI) - Upgrading to higher 25-KV voltage - Undergrounding electric distribution lines (new and replacement) - Fiber-optic cable installation to enhance our telecommunications network - Updating our control center by implementing an Advanced Distribution Management System - Conducting pilot projects to test new digital technologies and energy storage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct costs</td>
<td>Cost savings from the retirement of older generation assets will result in the retirement of older generation assets. Recognition of Retirement Obligations (AROs) relate to legal obligations for the removal, closure or dismantlement of several assets including, but not limited to, wind farms, fossil-fueled facilities, ash ponds, active ash landfills, above ground storage tanks and solar generation. Recognized AROs also include legal obligations for the management and final disposition of asbestos and polychlorinated biphenyls. Our decommissioning department works with our financial planners to factor the costs of closure of these assets into our cost models. Costs incurred to fund energy efficiency programs and initiatives that help customers reduce their energy usage are direct costs in the income statement. These costs are recovered from retail electric and gas customers and recorded as revenues. Our financial planning considers these costs as well as the benefits achieved by our state energy efficiency programs. In our efforts to ensure that our electricity services remain affordable, we then use this information to understand the costs and benefits to improve our energy efficiency programs including setting performance goals. In Iowa, these results are factored into our Energy Efficiency Plan (EEP). In March 2019, IPL received regulatory approval of its 2018-2023 EEP. This EEP includes savings targets of $10.8 Gigawatt-hours and 2.5 million therms over five years. For WPL, the Focus on Energy program is managed by the state of Wisconsin. WPL contributes 1.2% of its annual retail utility revenues to help fund Focus on Energy. Program goals and initiatives are established on a state-wide basis. Revenues and direct costs are impacted by our energy sales. Climate-related opportunities like electrification are considered by our forecast analysts as part of our financial planning. We are also working to increase business adoption of electric forklifts, electric truck recharging units, and replacing commercial transportation and delivery fleets with electric vehicles (EVs). Our company also supports residential adoption by sponsoring various rebates and educational events. Through electrification, we believe that electricity can enable broader economy-wide carbon reductions. Our financial planning supports our strategic implementation of various electrification initiatives. Alliant Energy’s 2020 customer electrification projects resulted in: - 134 residential customer rebates toward Level 2 EV charging stations - 5 non-residential customer rebates resulting in 8 additional Level 2 EV charging ports - Rebates supporting electrification for 32 forklifts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital expenditures</td>
<td>These investments will renew and modernize delivery networks, reduce operating costs, enhance generating facility diversity, and improve energy efficiency. Examples include: - Smart meters installed providing customers with advanced metering infrastructure (AMI) - Upgrading to higher 25-KV voltage - Undergrounding electric distribution lines (new and replacement) - Fiber-optic cable installation to enhance our telecommunications network - Updating our control center by implementing an Advanced Distribution Management System - Conducting pilot projects to test new digital technologies and energy storage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to capital</td>
<td>Alliant Energy is a member of EPRI, which conducts research and development on a variety of electric sector topics including climate change response, renewable energy, electricity storage and energy generation. In addition, we partner with local universities on climate-related research. Combined we have spent millions of dollars each year to support these research programs to ensure we can adequately mitigate climate change risks and position for climate change opportunities as part of our company's strategy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liabilities</td>
<td>Alliant Energy is a member of EPRI, which conducts research and development on a variety of electric sector topics including climate change response, renewable energy, electricity storage and energy generation. In addition, we partner with local universities on climate-related research. Combined we have spent millions of dollars each year to support these research programs to ensure we can adequately mitigate climate change risks and position for climate change opportunities as part of our company's strategy.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C3.4a

(C3.4a) Provide any additional information on how climate-related risks and opportunities have influenced your strategy and financial planning (optional).

C4. Targets and performance

C4.1
C4.1 Did you have an emissions target that was active in the reporting year?

Absolute target

C4.1a

(C4.1a) Provide details of your absolute emissions target(s) and progress made against those targets.

Target reference number
Abs 1

Year target was set
2020

Target coverage
Company-wide

Scope(s) (or Scope 3 category)
Scope 1

Base year
2005

Covered emissions in base year (metric tons CO2e)
21597490

Covered emissions in base year as % of total base year emissions in selected Scope(s) (or Scope 3 category)
100

Target year
2030

Targeted reduction from base year (%)
50

Covered emissions in target year (metric tons CO2e) [auto-calculated]
10798745

Covered emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
12494252

% of target achieved [auto-calculated]
84.2990366010124

Target status in reporting year
Revised

Is this a science-based target?
Yes, we consider this a science-based target, but it has not been approved by the Science-Based Targets Initiative

Target ambition
1.5°C aligned

Please explain (including target coverage)

Alliant Energy strives to accelerate emissions reductions as part of its Clean Energy Vision. In 2020, our fossil-fuel generation carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions decreased 42% from 2005 levels. We also recently achieved one of our goals – to have 30% of our energy mix come from carbon-free renewable resources – 10 years ahead of schedule. In 2020, our Clean Energy Vision goals were updated given the significant progress achieved adding new company-owned wind generation (1,150 MW) and plans to implement solar generation (1,500 MW). The updated goals are: - Achieving a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 (up from our prior goal of 40%) - Eliminating all coal from our generation fleet by 2040 (10 years faster than our previous target) - Adding a new goal that 100% of our active company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles will be electric by 2030 Furthermore, Alliant Energy added another new goal in 2021, an initiative to donate and help plant more than one million trees – one tree for each of our customers – over the next decade. Alliant Energy’s plans for a clean energy future are expected to be consistent with the carbon reductions and climate goals pledged originally by the U.S. under the voluntary United Nations Paris Accord. Our company is participating in an Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) technical study assessing the relationship between company-specific carbon transition scenarios and scientific research on the projected emission reductions derived from global climate warming models. Key insights from the published study found that there is significant uncertainty between modeled predictions for achieving a global temperature goal and an individual company’s emission pathway. EPRI’s updated evaluation “Review of 1.5°C and Other Newer Global Emissions Scenarios” provides additional insights when considering how to attain a net-zero goal. This includes finding that significant additional electrification and continued fossil energy use could be consistent with limiting warming to 2°C and even 1.5°C by 2050. Alliant Energy believes that our aspirational net-zero CO2 goal is within the range of plausible scenarios shown in EPRI’s technical study to limit global warming. Reference: https://www.epri.com/research/products/000000003002018053

Target reference number
Abs 2

Year target was set
2020

Target coverage
Company-wide

Scope(s) (or Scope 3 category)
Scope 1

Base year
2005

Covered emissions in base year (metric tons CO2e)
21597490

CDP
**Covered emissions in base year as % of total base year emissions in selected Scope(s) (or Scope 3 category)**
100

**Target year**
2040

**Targeted reduction from base year (%)**
80

**Covered emissions in target year (metric tons CO2e) [auto-calculated]**
4319498

**Covered emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)**
12494252

**% of target achieved [auto-calculated]**
52.6868978756328

**Target status in reporting year**
Revised

**Is this a science-based target?**
Yes, we consider this a science-based target, but it has not been approved by the Science-Based Targets initiative

**Target ambition**
1.5°C aligned

**Please explain (including target coverage)**
Alliant Energy strives to accelerate emissions reductions as part of its Clean Energy Vision. In 2020, our fossil-fuel generation carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions decreased 42% from 2005 levels. We also recently achieved one of our goals – to have 30% of our energy mix come from carbon-free renewable resources – 10 years ahead of schedule. In 2020, our Clean Energy Vision goals were updated given the significant progress achieved adding new company-owned wind generation (1,150 MW) and plans to implement solar generation (1,500 MW). The updated goals are: - Achieving a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 (up from our prior goal of 40%) - Eliminating all coal from our generation fleet by 2040 (10 years faster than our previous target) - Adding an aspirational goal that achieves net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate by 2050 - Adding a new goal that 100% of our active company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles will be electric by 2030 Furthermore, Alliant Energy added another new goal in 2021, an initiative to donate and help plant more than one million trees – one tree for each of our customers – over the next decade. Alliant Energy’s plans for a clean energy future are expected to be consistent with the carbon reductions and climate goals pledged originally by the U.S. under the voluntary United Nations Paris Accord. Our company is participating in an Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) technical study assessing the relationship between company-specific carbon transition scenarios and scientific research on the projected emission reductions derived from global climate warming models. Key insights from the published study found that there is significant uncertainty between modeled predictions for achieving a global temperature goal and an individual company’s emission pathway. EPRI’s updated evaluation “Review of 1.5°C and Other Newer Global Emissions Scenarios” provides additional insights when considering how to attain a net-zero goal. This includes finding that significant additional electrification and continued fossil energy use could be consistent with limiting warming to 2°C and even 1.5°C by 2050. Alliant Energy believes that our aspirational net-zero CO2 goal is within the range of plausible scenarios shown in EPRI’s technical study to limit global warming. Reference: https://www.epri.com/research/products/000000003002018053

**Target reference number**
Abs 3

**Year target was set**
2020

**Target coverage**
Company-wide

**Scope(s) (or Scope 3 category)**
Scope 1

**Base year**
2005

**Covered emissions in base year (metric tons CO2e)**
21597490

**Covered emissions in base year as % of total base year emissions in selected Scope(s) (or Scope 3 category)**
100

**Target year**
2050

**Targeted reduction from base year (%)**
100

**Covered emissions in target year (metric tons CO2e) [auto-calculated]**
0

**Covered emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)**
12494252

**% of target achieved [auto-calculated]**
42.1495183005062

**Target status in reporting year**
Revised

**Is this a science-based target?**
Yes, we consider this a science-based target, but it has not been approved by the Science-Based Targets initiative

**Target ambition**
1.5°C aligned
Alliant Energy strives to accelerate emissions reductions as part of its Clean Energy Vision. In 2020, our fossil-fuel generation carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions decreased 42% from 2005 levels. We also recently achieved one of our goals – to have 30% of our energy mix come from carbon-free renewable resources – 10 years ahead of schedule. In 2020, our Clean Energy Vision goals were updated given the significant progress achieved adding new company-owned wind generation (1,150 MW) and plans to implement solar generation (1,500 MW). The updated goals are: - Achieving a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 (up from our prior goal of 40%) - Eliminating all coal from our generation fleet by 2040 (10 years faster than our previous target) - Adding an aspirational goal that achieves net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate by 2050 - Adding a new goal that 100% of our active company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles will be electric by 2030 Furthermore, Alliant Energy added another new goal in 2021, an initiative to donate and help plant more than one million trees – one tree for each of our customers – over the next decade. Alliant Energy's plans for a clean energy future are expected to be consistent with the carbon reductions and climate goals pledged originally by the U.S. under the voluntary United Nations Paris Accord. Our company is participating in an Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) technical study assessing the relationship between company-specific carbon transition scenarios and scientific research on the projected emission reductions derived from global climate warming models. Key insights from the published study found that there is significant uncertainty between modeled predictions for achieving a global temperature goal and an individual company's emission pathway. EPRI's updated evaluation “Review of 1.5°C and Other Newer Global Emissions Scenarios” provides additional insights when considering how to attain a net-zero goal. This includes finding that significant additional electrification and continued fossil energy use could be consistent with limiting warming to 2°C and even 1.5°C by 2050. Alliant Energy believes that our aspirational net-zero CO2 goal is within the range of plausible scenarios shown in EPRI's technical study to limit global warming. Reference: https://www.epri.com/research/products/000000003002018053

(C4.2) Did you have any other climate-related targets that were active in the reporting year?

Other climate-related target(s)

(C4.2b) Provide details of any other climate-related targets, including methane reduction targets.

- **Target reference number**
  Oh1

- **Year target was set**
  2018

- **Target coverage**
  Company-wide

- **Target type: absolute or intensity**
  Intensity

- **Target type: category & Metric (target numerator if reporting an intensity target)**

| Renewable fuel production | Other, please specify (The goal is to have 30% of our energy mix come from renewable resources. This is determined based on our company's overall portfolio of generation used to supply power to our customers based on rated capacity in megawatts.) |

- **Target denominator (intensity targets only)**
  Other, please specify (The goal is to have 30% of our energy mix come from renewable resources. This is determined based on our company's overall portfolio of generation used to supply power to our customers based on rated capacity in megawatts.)

- **Base year**
  2005

- **Figure or percentage in base year**
  5

- **Target year**
  2030

- **Figure or percentage in target year**
  30

- **Figure or percentage in reporting year**
  34

- **% of target achieved [auto-calculated]**
  116

- **Target status in reporting year**
  Achieved

- **Is this target part of an emissions target?**
  Yes, this was part of our company's Clean Energy Vision. By accelerating development of our company-owned renewable generation we are able to transition off of fossil-fuels and retire existing coal assets. This will enable achievement of our company's CO2 emission reduction goals.

- **Is this target part of an overarching initiative?**
  Other, please specify (Alliant Energy's Clean Energy Blueprint and sustainable energy plan guides our long-term transition to meet customers' future energy needs by Powering What's Next. Learn more at: https://poweringwhatsnext.alliantenergy.com/clean-energy/)

- **Please explain (including target coverage)**
  Alliant Energy strives to accelerate emissions reductions as part of its Clean Energy Vision. In 2020, our fossil-fuel generation carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions decreased 42% from 2005 levels. In May 2020, we also announced achievement of one of our goals – to have 30% of our energy mix come from carbon-free renewable resources – 10 years ahead of schedule. Given this success, in 2020, our Clean Energy Vision goals were updated as follows: - Achieving a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 (up
from our prior goal of 40%) - Eliminating all coal from our generation fleet by 2040 (10 years faster than our previous target) - Adding an aspirational goal that achieves net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate by 2050 - Adding a new goal that 100% of our active company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles will be electric by 2030

Furthermore, Alliant Energy added another new goal in 2021, an initiative to donate and help plant more than one million trees – one tree for each of our customers – over the next decade. Going forward, our Clean Energy Blueprint plans include even more projects to build upon this success. We have retired over 1,100 megawatts of coal since 2005 and have announced plans to retire another 1,300 megawatts of coal by the end of 2024. Combined, these generation retirements represent a reduction of nearly 70% from our 2005 coal footprint based on nameplate capacity. Plans continue to be developed for phasing out of service remaining fossil-fueled electric generation units based on commercial availability of new technologies as well as customer affordability and energy reliability needs. We have completed our plan to add 1,150 megawatts of wind production – expanding our owned and operated regulated wind capacity to nearly 1,800 megawatts. In addition, our company has initiated plans to add nearly 1,500 megawatts of solar in Iowa and Wisconsin by the end of 2023 plus 100 megawatts of energy storage in Iowa by the end of 2026. By 2030, we expect to have 53% of our energy mix come from carbon-free resources. To create even greater reliability for our customers, we are also investing $2.1 billion planned investments from 2021-2024 to build smarter and more resilient energy infrastructure.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year target was set</th>
<th>2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Target coverage</td>
<td>Company-wide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target type: absolute or intensity</td>
<td>Absolute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target type: category &amp; Metric (target numerator if reporting an intensity target)</td>
<td>Fossil fuel reduction target - Other, please specify (The goal is to eliminate all coal from our generation fleet by 2040.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Base year</td>
<td>2005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figure or percentage in base year</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target year</td>
<td>2040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figure or percentage in target year</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figure or percentage in reporting year</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of target achieved [auto-calculated]</td>
<td>41.81818181818182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target status in reporting year</td>
<td>Underway</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Is this target part of an emissions target?**
Alliant Energy strives to accelerate emissions reductions as part of its Clean Energy Vision. In 2020, our fossil-fuel generation carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions decreased 42% from 2005 levels. In May 2020, we also announced achievement of one of our goals – to have 30% of our energy mix come from carbon-free renewable resources – 10 years ahead of schedule. Given this success, in 2020, our Clean Energy Vision goals were updated as follows: - Achieving a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 (up from our prior goal of 40%) - Eliminating all coal from our generation fleet by 2040 (10 years faster than our previous target) - Adding an aspirational goal that achieves net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate by 2050 - Adding a new goal that 100% of our active company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles will be electric by 2030

**Is this target part of an overarching initiative?**
Other, please specify (Alliant Energy’s Clean Energy Blueprint and sustainable energy plan guides our long-term transition to meet customers’ future energy needs by Powering What’s Next. Learn more at: https://poweringwhatsnext.alliantenergy.com/clean-energy/)

**Please explain (including target coverage)**
We are accelerating efforts to reach our aspirational net-zero CO2 emissions reduction goal for the electricity we generate. We have retired over 1,100 megawatts of coal since 2005 and have announced plans to retire another 1,300 megawatts of coal by the end of 2024. Plans continue to be developed for phasing out of service remaining fossil-fueled electric generation units based on commercial availability of new technologies as well as customer affordability and energy reliability needs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year target was set</th>
<th>2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Target coverage</td>
<td>Company-wide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target type: absolute or intensity</td>
<td>Intensity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target type: category &amp; Metric (target numerator if reporting an intensity target)</td>
<td>Low-carbon vehicles - Other, please specify (The goal is to electrify 100% of our company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles by 2030. The numerator is the number of electric vehicles in our fleet as of the end of the calendar year.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Target denominator (intensity targets only)
Other, please specify (The goal is to electrify 100% of our company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles by 2030. The denominator is the total number of fleet vehicles in active service as of the end of the calendar year.)

**Base year**
2020

**Figure or percentage in base year**
10

**Target year**
2030

**Figure or percentage in target year**
100

**Figure or percentage in reporting year**
10

**% of target achieved [auto-calculated]**
0

**Target status in reporting year**
New

**Is this target part of an emissions target?**
Alliant Energy strives to accelerate emissions reductions as part of its Clean Energy Vision. In 2020, our fossil-fuel generation carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions decreased 42% from 2005 levels. In May 2020, we also announced achievement of one of our goals – to have 30% of our energy mix come from carbon-free renewable resources – 10 years ahead of schedule. Given this success, in 2020, our Clean Energy Vision goals were updated as follows: - Achieving a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 (up from our prior goal of 40%) - Eliminating all coal from our generation fleet by 2040 (10 years faster than our previous target) - Adding an aspirational goal that achieves net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate by 2050 - Adding a new goal that 100% of our active company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles will be electric by 2030
Furthermore, Alliant Energy added another new goal in 2021, an initiative to donate and help plant more than one million trees – one tree for each of our customers – over the next decade.

**Is this target part of an overarching initiative?**
Other, please specify (Alliant Energy’s Clean Energy Blueprint and sustainable energy plan guides our long-term transition to meet customers’ future energy needs by Powering What’s Next. Learn more at: https://poweringwhatsnext.alliantenergy.com/clean-energy/)

**Please explain (including target coverage)**
Electrification can enable broader economy-wide carbon reductions. Therefore, in 2020, as part of Our Clean Energy Vision, we announced adding a new goal that 100% of our active company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles will be electric by 2030. As of the end of 2020, our company’s progress is at approximately 10%. To achieve this goal, Alliant Energy will replace end-of-life light-duty vehicles as well as pursue other vehicle classes as more electric versions become available. This will include up to half-ton pickups, sedans, sport utility vehicles (SUVs), passenger vans and forklifts, with Battery Electric Vehicles (BEV) and Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEV). This initiative supports a broader utility industry effort to lead by example that is being coordinated by the Edison Electric Institute. Learn more at: https://www.eei.org/resourcesandmedia/newsroom/Pages/PressReleases/EEI Member Companies Collectively on Track to Electrify More Than One-Third of Their Fleet Vehicles by 2030.aspx

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**C4.3**

(C4.3) Did you have emissions reduction initiatives that were active within the reporting year? Note that this can include those in the planning and/or implementation phases.
Yes

**C4.3a**

(C4.3a) Identify the total number of initiatives at each stage of development, and for those in the implementation stages, the estimated CO2e savings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of initiatives</th>
<th>Total estimated annual CO2e savings in metric tonnes CO2e (only for rows marked *)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under investigation</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To be implemented*</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementation commenced*</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implemented*</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not to be implemented</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**C4.3b**
(C4.3b) Provide details on the initiatives implemented in the reporting year in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Initiative category &amp; Initiative type</th>
<th>Wind</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)**

934241

**Scope(s)**

Scope 1

**Voluntary/Mandatory**

Voluntary

**Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)**

0

**Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)**

1174901645

**Payback period**

>25 years

**Estimated lifetime of the initiative**

21-30 years

**Comment**

Question 4.3b: Alliant Energy commenced commercial operation of four company-owned wind farms in 2020 including: 201 MW Whispering Willow North in Franklin County, Iowa; 200 MW Golden Plains in Kossuth and Winnебаго County, Iowa; 131 MW Richland in Sac County, Iowa; and 150 MW Kossuth in Kossuth County, Iowa. Investment figure provided is from 2020 FERC Form 1. Annual monetary savings are assumed to be zero, because as an electric utility there will be no reduction in our energy costs. Projects to be implemented include future retirement of 1,284 MW nameplate capacity of coal at the following electric generation facilities: IPL Retirement - Lansing Generating Station Unit 4 by 2022 (275 MW) WPL Retirement - Edgewater Generating Station Unit 5 by 2022 (414 MW) WPL Retirement - Columbia Energy Center Unit 1 by 2024 (297.5 MW is Alliant Energy share of joint-owned unit) Projects to be implemented include WPL Clean Energy Blueprint solar generation expansion (approximately 1,100 MW - 12 sites identified) plus IPL Clean Energy Blueprint solar generation expansion (400 MW - sites to be determined). Our company expects to complete these solar projects by the end of 2023. More information available at: https://poweringwhatsnext.alliantenergy.com/clean-energy/

(C4.3c) What methods do you use to drive investment in emissions reduction activities?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Compliance with regulatory requirements/standards</td>
<td>Since our electric rates are regulated, we are only allowed to pass along costs to customers for activities that are deemed to be economically prudent or mandated by law. EPA regulations governing emissions from existing electric generators could drive significant investment in the future.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dedicated budget for energy efficiency</td>
<td>In March 2019, our Iowa utility subsidiary IPL received regulatory approval of its 2019-2023 Energy Efficiency Plan (EEP). The spending target is $233.11 million and this EEP includes savings targets of 610.8 Gigawatt-hours and 2.5 million therms over five years. Alliant Energy's Wisconsin utility subsidiary WPL contributes 1.2% of its annual retail utility revenues to help fund Focus on Energy. Program goals and initiatives are established on a state-wide basis working with all participating utilities and publicly reported on the Focus on Energy website.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dedicated budget for low-carbon product R&amp;D</td>
<td>Alliant Energy supports research and development projects to better understand long-term carbon planning. This includes projects to expand knowledge on our clean energy transition, such as analyzing the impacts of emerging technologies, strategies for electric vehicles and customer electrification, and integration of distributed renewables and energy storage. In addition, in 2020, Alliant Energy joined with a multi-faceted group of like-minded partners in a five-year effort to swiftly develop and demonstrate low- and zero-carbon energy technologies. The Low-Carbon Resources Initiative (LCRI) is spearheaded by the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) and the Gas Technology Institute (GTI). LCRI will focus on exploring new promising technologies to reduce energy-related carbon emissions from the electric and gas industries in order to accelerate their development and demonstration. Some of the areas LCRI will advance are clean hydrogen, bioenergy and renewable natural gas – with the goal to develop affordable approaches across all industries to reduce carbon emissions associated with climate change. The results of this important work will help guide our company as we work toward our aspirational goal of net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate by 2050. More information at: <a href="https://www.epri.com/lcri">https://www.epri.com/lcri</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal price on carbon</td>
<td>Alliant Energy utilizes an internal price of carbon in generation planning decisions, which influences and encourages investment in low-carbon generation and divestment of high-carbon generation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (Company strategy)</td>
<td>Alliant Energy strives to accelerate emissions reductions as part of its Clean Energy Vision to implement a strategy to affordably meet the energy needs of customers and recognize the importance of using resources in efficient and environmentally responsible ways. Investments we have made related to our strategy include new wind development, solar development, energy storage, and grid modernization.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C4.5) Do you classify any of your existing goods and/or services as low-carbon products or do they enable a third party to avoid GHG emissions?

Yes

C4.5a
(C4.5a) Provide details of your products and/or services that you classify as low-carbon products or that enable a third party to avoid GHG emissions.

**Level of aggregation**
Product

**Description of product/Group of products**
Our Second Nature program allows our residential and non-residential customers to support electricity generated from wind and solar resources located in Iowa and Wisconsin. There is no special equipment to buy, and no lifestyle changes needed. Residential customers can choose from three participation levels: 25%, 50% or 100% of their annual usage. All other customers can elect a flat monthly amount. At the end of 2020, there were 7,835 customers were participating in Wisconsin and 5,374 customers in Iowa. A third party verifies annually that all electricity purchased on behalf of Second Nature participants comes from qualified renewable resources. More information at: https://www.alliantenergy.com/InnovativeEnergySolutions/SustainableEnergyChoices/SecondNature

**Are these low-carbon product(s) or do they enable avoided emissions?**
Low-carbon product

**Taxonomy, project or methodology used to classify product(s) as low-carbon or to calculate avoided emissions**
Other, please specify (A third party verifies annually that all electricity purchased on behalf of Second Nature participants comes from qualified renewable resources.)

% revenue from low carbon product(s) in the reporting year
0.5

% of total portfolio value
<Not Applicable>

Asset classes/ product types
<Not Applicable>

**Comment**
These are brand new programs that were recently approved by our utility commissions in 2019 and 2020. Therefore, development of projects with customers has just commenced recently and we expect revenue to grow in the future.

---

**Level of aggregation**
Group of products

**Description of product/Group of products**
We recently further expanded renewable options for our Wisconsin and Iowa customers with three new voluntary programs. These Alliant Energy offerings include: • Community Solar – This program allows customers to subscribe to energy from a centralized solar garden in a nearby community, establishing a long-term customer connection. This program provides another option for customers to participate in solar energy as a renewable alternative who may not choose or be able to host solar power on their home or business. • Customer Hosted Renewables – This program allows Alliant Energy to partner with commercial and industrial customers who desire on-site renewable energy resources, in exchange for a lease payment to the customer. • Renewable Energy Partner – This program is tailored to the needs of commercial and industrial customers and that are tied to dedicated renewable resources. Customers with multiple accounts would be able to aggregate their service under a single renewable energy contract. Customers can meet their sustainability goals in receiving renewable energy credits associated with the renewable resource.

**Are these low-carbon product(s) or do they enable avoided emissions?**
Low-carbon product

**Taxonomy, project or methodology used to classify product(s) as low-carbon or to calculate avoided emissions**
Other, please specify (Renewable energy credits are tracked in the Midwest Renewable Energy Tracking System (M-RETS).)

% revenue from low carbon product(s) in the reporting year
0

% of total portfolio value
<Not Applicable>

Asset classes/ product types
<Not Applicable>

**Comment**
These are brand new programs that were recently approved by our utility commissions in 2019 and 2020. Therefore, development of projects with customers has just commenced recently and we expect revenue to grow in the future.

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**C-EU4.6**

**Describe your organization's efforts to reduce methane emissions from your activities.**

Alliant Energy actively manages its facilities to ensure than any air emissions are limited including fugitive emissions related to natural gas infrastructure, which are negligible from our generation operations. Managing natural gas effectively to minimize any methane losses is important to keeping our operational costs low for our customers. In addition, we operate our generation facilities as efficiently as possible to minimize methane resulting from combustion of fossil fuels. As we implement our Clean Energy Vision goals, our company will also have reduced reliance on natural gas generation as more renewable resources are implemented. By 2030, we expect that over 50% of our energy mix will be provided from renewable resources.

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**C5. Emissions methodology**

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**C5.1**
(C5.1) Provide your base year and base year emissions (Scopes 1 and 2).

Scope 1

Base year start
January 1 2005

Base year end
December 31 2005

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
21597490

Comment

Scope 2 (location-based)

Base year start
January 1 2014

Base year end
December 31 2014

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
5759.86

Comment

Scope 2 (market-based)

Base year start
January 1 2014

Base year end
December 31 2014

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
5759.86

Comment

(C5.2) Select the name of the standard, protocol, or methodology you have used to collect activity data and calculate emissions.

US EPA Center for Corporate Climate Leadership: Indirect Emissions From Purchased Electricity
US EPA Center for Corporate Climate Leadership: Direct Emissions from Stationary Combustion Sources
US EPA Center for Corporate Climate Leadership: Direct Emissions from Mobile Combustion Sources
US EPA Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting Rule
US EPA Emissions & Generation Resource Integrated Database (eGRID)

C6. Emissions data

C6.1

(C6.1) What were your organization's gross global Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

Gross global Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
12624301

Start date
<Not Applicable>

End date
<Not Applicable>

Comment

C6.2
(C6.2) Describe your organization’s approach to reporting Scope 2 emissions.

Row 1

Scope 2, location-based
We are reporting a Scope 2, location-based figure

Scope 2, market-based
We are reporting a Scope 2, market-based figure

Comment

C6.3

(C6.3) What were your organization’s gross global Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

Scope 2, location-based
4187

Scope 2, market-based (if applicable)
4176

Start date
<Not Applicable>

End date
<Not Applicable>

Comment

C6.4

(C6.4) Are there any sources (e.g. facilities, specific GHGs, activities, geographies, etc.) of Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions that are within your selected reporting boundary which are not included in your disclosure?

No

C6.5

(C6.5) Account for your organization’s gross global Scope 3 emissions, disclosing and explaining any exclusions.

Purchased goods and services

Evaluation status
Relevant, not yet calculated

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Existing data sources and systems to efficiently and effectively collect these Scope 3 emissions is not currently available at this time.

Capital goods

Evaluation status
Relevant, not yet calculated

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Existing data sources and systems to efficiently and effectively collect these Scope 3 emissions is not currently available at this time.
Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

Emission status
Relevant, calculated

Metric tonnes CO2e
1599749

Emissions calculation methodology
In 2020, our company had energy market purchases from the Midcontinent Independent System Operator (MISO) energy market system and these emissions are estimated using a regional average rate. There are zero emissions from purchased power agreements that are from non-emitting renewable energy sources including wind, solar, biomass, hydropower, and biogas. Adjustments are made for sales or transfers of renewable energy credits and associated emissions are also estimated for this null power using a regional average rate. The regional average rates are determined using the available residual emission rates and also emission rates from the Environmental Protection Agency's eGRID database based on the applicable MISO regions (MROE for our Wisconsin utility operations and MROW for our Iowa utility operations).

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
It is not possible to obtain specific information on the actual sources of general market energy purchases from MISO sufficient to determine the corresponding emissions characteristics. Therefore, as described above, we use regional average rates as a proxy for these emissions estimates. There are zero emissions associated with our purchase power agreements for renewable energy.

Upstream transportation and distribution

Emission status
Relevant, not yet calculated

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Existing data sources and systems to efficiently and effectively collect these Scope 3 emissions is not currently available at this time.

Waste generated in operations

Emission status
Not evaluated

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Existing data sources and systems to efficiently and effectively collect these Scope 3 emissions is not currently available at this time.

Business travel

Emission status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Existing data sources and systems to efficiently and effectively collect these Scope 3 emissions is not currently available at this time. However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Alliant Energy ceased all not-required business travel. Therefore, we expect that these emissions were minimal in 2020.

Employee commuting

Emission status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Existing data sources and systems to efficiently and effectively collect these Scope 3 emissions is not currently available at this time. However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Alliant Energy had all non-essential employees work-from-home. Therefore, we expect that these emissions were minimal in 2020.
Upstream leased assets

Evaluation status
Not evaluated

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Not applicable to Alliant Energy’s operations.

Downstream transportation and distribution

Evaluation status
Not evaluated

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Existing data sources and systems to efficiently and effectively collect these Scope 3 emissions is not currently available at this time.

Processing of sold products

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Alliant Energy works with state regulatory agencies to identify approved beneficial uses for coal combustion residuals (CCR). In 2020, we were able to beneficially use 55% of the CCR generated. Nearly all (96%) of the beneficially used material went to encapsulated applications as a direct replacement material for use in cement in concrete mixtures, subbase under hard surfaces, or asphalt. The rest was comprised of scrubber solids that were used directly to improve agricultural soil conditions. These types of beneficial uses do not require additional processing. In addition, using fly ash to replace cement provides several environmental benefits. This includes eliminating the need to mine virgin materials, conserving land otherwise used for disposal, and avoiding impacts associated with cement manufacturing processes including energy, water and emissions. It is estimated that for every ton of fly ash used to replace traditional cement a ton of carbon dioxide (CO2) is saved. Thus, preventing this greenhouse gas from entering the Earth’s atmosphere. However, the CDP reporting system does not permit reporting of reductions due to avoided emissions. The estimated amount of avoided emissions is approximately 176,000 metric tons of CO2e.

Use of sold products

Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Metric tonnes CO2e
4621957

Emissions calculation methodology
Following the requirements of CFR 40 Part 98, Subpart NN, the company reports the potential CO2 quantities associated with natural gas received by end-users that receive less than 460,000 thousand standard cubic feet of natural gas per year at a single meter from the company. The use of electric energy does not cause any further greenhouse gas emissions and these are estimated to be 0 metric tons.

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
Information from our suppliers and value chain partners is not needed to do this emissions estimate. Billing records and information submitted to the Energy Information Agency support the information reported under Environmental Protection Agency’s Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting Program. Natural gas distribution companies must report the CO2 emissions that would result from the complete combustion or oxidation of the annual volumes of natural gas provided to end-users that receive less than 460,000 thousand standard cubic feet of natural gas per year at a single meter from the company.
End of life treatment of sold products

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Electricity and natural gas products do not have a conventional useful life. There is no end of life treatment required for electricity after it is used by our customers because it is fully depleted.

Downstream leased assets

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Not applicable to Alliant Energy's operations.

Franchises

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Not applicable to Alliant Energy's operations.

Investments

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Not applicable to Alliant Energy's operations.

Other (upstream)

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Metric tonnes CO2e
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Not applicable to Alliant Energy's operations.
C6.7

(C6.7) Are carbon dioxide emissions from biogenic carbon relevant to your organization?
No

C6.10

(C6.10) Describe your gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions for the reporting year in metric tons CO2e per unit currency total revenue and provide any additional intensity metrics that are appropriate to your business operations.

Intensity figure
0.0037

Metric numerator (gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions, metric tons CO2e)
12628477

Metric denominator
unit total revenue

Metric denominator: Unit total
3416000000

Scope 2 figure used
Market-based

% change from previous year
5.6

Direction of change
Decreased

Reason for change
Decreases in both CO2e emissions and revenues in 2020 compared to 2019. - CO2e metric tons reduced by 1,657,684 metric tons (down 11.6%) - Revenues reduced by $232 million (down 6.4%) Together this results in a decrease of approximately 5.6%
(C-EU7.1b) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions from electric utilities value chain activities by greenhouse gas type.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Gross Scope 1 CO2 emissions (metric tons CO2)</th>
<th>Gross Scope 1 methane emissions (metric tons CH4)</th>
<th>Gross Scope 1 SF6 emissions (metric tons SF6)</th>
<th>Total gross Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fugitives</td>
<td>84.7</td>
<td>1680.59</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>42099.45</td>
<td>Emissions from natural gas distribution lines. Emissions values shown are already multiplied by the GWP to sum to the total CO2e amounts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combustion (Electric utilities)</td>
<td>12512043.08</td>
<td>167.57</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>12559154.16</td>
<td>There is no column for N2O emissions, these are 42,921.83 metric tons. Emissions values shown are already multiplied by the GWP to sum to the total CO2e amounts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combustion (Gas utilities)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combustion (Other)</td>
<td>23007.46</td>
<td>0.21</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>23046.99</td>
<td>Emissions from fleet vehicles. There is no column for N2O emissions, these are 34.31 metric tons. Emissions values shown are already multiplied by the GWP to sum to the total CO2e amounts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emissions not elsewhere classified</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C7.2) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by country/region.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country/Region</th>
<th>Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United States of America</td>
<td>12624301</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C7.3) Indicate which gross global Scope 1 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

By business division

(C7.3a) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by business division.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Business division</th>
<th>Scope 1 emissions (metric ton CO2e)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interstate Power and Light Company (IPL)</td>
<td>6206600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wisconsin Power and Light Company (WPL)</td>
<td>6417700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C-CE7.4/C-CH7.4/C-CO7.4/C-EU7.4/C-MM7.4/C-OG7.4/C-ST7.4/C-TO7.4/C-TS7.4) Break down your organization’s total gross global Scope 1 emissions by sector production activity in metric tons CO2e.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Gross Scope 1 emissions, metric tons CO2e</th>
<th>Net Scope 1 emissions, metric tons CO2e</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cement production activities</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemicals production activities</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coal production activities</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electric utility activities</td>
<td>12624301</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metals and mining production activities</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil and gas production activities (upstream)</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil and gas production activities (midstream)</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil and gas production activities (downstream)</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steel production activities</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport OEM activities</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport services activities</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C7.9
(C7.9) How do your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined) for the reporting year compare to those of the previous reporting year? 
Decreased

C7.9a

(C7.9a) Identify the reasons for any change in your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined), and for each of them specify how your emissions compare to the previous year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)</th>
<th>Direction of change</th>
<th>Emissions value (percentage)</th>
<th>Please explain calculation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Change in renewable energy consumption</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other emissions reduction activities</td>
<td>1657864</td>
<td>Decreased</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Divestment</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisitions</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mergers</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in output</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in methodology</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in boundary</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in physical operating conditions</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unidentified</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C7.9b

(C7.9b) Are your emissions performance calculations in C7.9 and C7.9a based on a location-based Scope 2 emissions figure or a market-based Scope 2 emissions figure? 
Market-based

C8. Energy

C8.1

(C8.1) What percentage of your total operational spend in the reporting year was on energy? 
More than 25% but less than or equal to 30%

C8.2

(C8.2) Select which energy-related activities your organization has undertaken.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Indicate whether your organization undertook this energy-related activity in the reporting year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstocks)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired heat</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired steam</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generation of electricity, heat, steam, or cooling</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C8.2a
(C8.2a) Report your organization’s energy consumption totals (excluding feedstocks) in MWh.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Heating value</th>
<th>MWh from renewable sources</th>
<th>MWh from non-renewable sources</th>
<th>Total (renewable and non-renewable) MWh</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel</td>
<td>HHV (higher heating value)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>17449239</td>
<td>17449239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(excluding feedstock)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or acquired electricity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or acquired heat</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or acquired steam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or acquired cooling</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of self-generated non-fuel renewable energy</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total energy consumption</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>17449239</td>
<td>17449239</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C8.2b) Select the applications of your organization’s consumption of fuel.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applications of fuel use</th>
<th>Indicate whether your organization undertakes this fuel application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel for the generation of electricity</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel for the generation of heat</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel for the generation of steam</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel for the generation of cooling</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel for co-generation or tri-generation</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C8.2c) State how much fuel in MWh your organization has consumed (excluding feedstocks) by fuel type.

Fuels (excluding feedstocks)

Subbituminous Coal

Heating value
HHV (higher heating value)

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

Emission factor
97.17

Unit
kg CO2 per million Btu

Emissions factor source
EPA Table C-1 to Subpart C of 40 CFR Part 98

Comment

Fuels (excluding feedstocks)

Natural Gas

Heating value
HHV (higher heating value)

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>
MWh fuel consumed for self-cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Emission factor
53.06

Unit
kg CO2 per million Btu

Emissions factor source
EPA Table C-1 to Subpart C of 40 CFR Part 98

Comment

Fuels (excluding feedstocks)
Distillate Oil

Heating value
HHV (higher heating value)

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
0
MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
0
MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam
0
MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Emission factor
73.96

Unit
kg CO2 per million Btu

Emissions factor source
EPA Table C-1 to Subpart C of 40 CFR Part 98

Comment

C-EU8.2d

(C-EU8.2d) For your electric utility activities, provide a breakdown of your total power plant capacity, generation, and related emissions during the reporting year by source.

Coal – hard

Nameplate capacity (MW)
2284

Gross electricity generation (GWh)
7742.2

Net electricity generation (GWh)
7020.08

Absolute scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
7752145

Scope 1 emissions intensity (metric tons CO2e per GWh)
1104

Comment
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Nameplate capacity (MW)</th>
<th>Gross electricity generation (GWh)</th>
<th>Net electricity generation (GWh)</th>
<th>Absolute scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)</th>
<th>Scope 1 emissions intensity (metric tons CO2e per GWh)</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lignite</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>0.74</td>
<td>630</td>
<td>847</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas</td>
<td>3974</td>
<td>10710.51</td>
<td>10440.4</td>
<td>4806379</td>
<td>460</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biomass</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waste (non-biomass)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Nuclear
Nameplate capacity (MW)
0
Gross electricity generation (GWh)
0
Net electricity generation (GWh)
0
Absolute scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
0
Scope 1 emissions intensity (metric tons CO2e per GWh)
0
Comment
Fossil-fuel plants fitted with CCS
Nameplate capacity (MW)
0
Gross electricity generation (GWh)
0
Net electricity generation (GWh)
0
Absolute scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
0
Scope 1 emissions intensity (metric tons CO2e per GWh)
0
Comment
Geothermal
Nameplate capacity (MW)
0
Gross electricity generation (GWh)
0
Net electricity generation (GWh)
0
Absolute scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
0
Scope 1 emissions intensity (metric tons CO2e per GWh)
0
Comment
Hydropower
Nameplate capacity (MW)
43
Gross electricity generation (GWh)
242.13
Net electricity generation (GWh)
242.13
Absolute scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
0
Scope 1 emissions intensity (metric tons CO2e per GWh)
0
Comment
Wind
Nameplate capacity (MW)
1782
Gross electricity generation (GWh)
4871.87
Net electricity generation (GWh)
4871.87
Absolute scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
0
Scope 1 emissions intensity (metric tons CO2e per GWh)
0
Comment
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Nameplate capacity (MW)</th>
<th>Gross electricity generation (GWh)</th>
<th>Net electricity generation (GWh)</th>
<th>Absolute scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)</th>
<th>Scope 1 emissions intensity (metric tons CO2e per GWh)</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solar</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10.79</td>
<td>10.79</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other renewable</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other non-renewable</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>8181</td>
<td>23578</td>
<td>22586</td>
<td>12559153</td>
<td>556</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C-EU8.4

(C-EU8.4) Does your electric utility organization have a transmission and distribution business?
Yes

C-EU8.4a

(C-EU8.4a) Disclose the following information about your transmission and distribution business.

Country/Region
United States of America

Voltage level
Distribution (low voltage)

Annual load (GWh)
22586

Annual energy losses (% of annual load)
2.79

Scope where emissions from energy losses are accounted for
Scope 1

Emissions from energy losses (metric tons CO2e)
0

Length of network (km)
68719

Number of connections
975833

Area covered (km²)
140815

Comment
Alliant Energy does not separately calculate emissions from energy losses from its distribution system because these are already accounted for in Alliant Energy’s total Scope 1 emissions since it generates and distributes the electricity. Therefore, the distribution losses are included in Scope 1 emissions reported in CDP Sections C6 and C7, because these emissions are a direct emission resulting from electricity production. The total number of retail customers is provided as a proxy for the number of connections. Alliant Energy Distribution Lines total includes: • Overhead – 52,465 kilometers • Underground – 16,254 kilometers

C9. Additional metrics

C9.1

(C9.1) Provide any additional climate-related metrics relevant to your business.

C-EU9.5a

(C-EU9.5a) Break down, by source, your total planned CAPEX in your current CAPEX plan for power generation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary power generation source</th>
<th>CAPEX planned for power generation from this source</th>
<th>Percentage of total CAPEX planned for power generation</th>
<th>End year of CAPEX plan</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wind</td>
<td>83000000</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2024</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solar</td>
<td>2110000000</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>2024</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydropower</td>
<td>23000000</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2024</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Battery)</td>
<td>62000000</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2024</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas</td>
<td>3210000000</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2024</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coal – hard</td>
<td>1240000000</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2024</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C-EU9.5b
(C-EU9.5b) Break down your total planned CAPEX in your current CAPEX plan for products and services (e.g. smart grids, digitalization, etc.).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Products and services</th>
<th>Description of product/service</th>
<th>CAPEX planned for product/service</th>
<th>Percentage of total CAPEX planned products and services</th>
<th>End of year CAPEX plan</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distributed generation</td>
<td>Distributed Energy Resource - Batteries</td>
<td>62000000</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>2024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charging networks</td>
<td>Electrification initiatives</td>
<td>10000000</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electric vehicles</td>
<td>Information and Education Campaign</td>
<td>220000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smart grid</td>
<td>Integrated Grid Pilots</td>
<td>72000000</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>2024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify</td>
<td>Fiber Communications for utility</td>
<td>115000000</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>2024</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Investment in low-carbon R&amp;D</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Row 1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We support research and development (R&amp;D) projects to better understand long-term planning to reduce CO2 emissions. In 2020, Alliant Energy invested $3.5 million in various R&amp;D programs. This amount includes both discretionary research funds and funds collected from customer billings as mandated by state regulations. R&amp;D investments provide valuable insights to plan for evolving innovations and technology development in the energy industry. This includes projects to expand knowledge on our clean energy transition, such as analyzing the impacts of emerging technologies, strategies for electric vehicles and customer electrification, and integration of distributed renewable resources and energy storage. Furthermore, in 2020 our company also invested to join as an anchor sponsor in a five-year effort to swiftly develop and demonstrate low- and zero-carbon energy technologies. The Low-Carbon Resources Initiative (LCRI) is spearheaded by the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) and the Gas Technology Institute (GTI). LCRI will focus on exploring new promising technologies to reduce energy-related carbon emissions from the electric and gas industries in order to accelerate their development and demonstration. Some of the areas LCRI will advance are clean hydrogen, bioenergy and renewable natural gas – with the goal to develop affordable approaches across all industries to reduce carbon emissions associated with climate change. The results of this important work will help guide our company as we work toward our Clean Energy Vision aspirational goal of achieving net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate by 2050.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C-CO9.6a/C-EU9.6a/C-OG9.6a) Provide details of your organization's investments in low-carbon R&D for your sector activities over the last three years.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Technology area</th>
<th>Stage of development in the reporting year</th>
<th>Average % of total R&amp;D investment over the last 3 years</th>
<th>R&amp;D investment figure in the reporting year (optional)</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Electric Power Research Institute)</td>
<td>Basic academic/theoretical research</td>
<td>41-60%</td>
<td></td>
<td>Supports includes broad research related to climate change scenario evaluation and goal-setting, energy and environmental analyses, emerging carbon reduction technologies, electrification, energy storage, renewable energy, and grid modernization.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Iowa Energy Center)</td>
<td>Applied research and development</td>
<td>21-40%</td>
<td></td>
<td>Support includes technology-based R&amp;D development by encouraging public-private partnerships with innovative manufacturers to develop and bring to market new energy technologies. This includes electric grid modernization and alternative fuel vehicles as well as development of supportive infrastructure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Center for Global and Regional Environmental Research)</td>
<td>Basic academic/theoretical research</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td></td>
<td>Support includes interdisciplinary research on the many aspects of global environmental issues including climate change. Related areas of focus include regional effects on natural ecosystems, environments, energy resources, and effects on human health, culture, and social systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Iowa State University – Energy Power Research Center)</td>
<td>Applied research and development</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td></td>
<td>Support includes study of power systems from large interconnected transmission grids to the inverters critical for renewable energy and energy storage integration. Research and education is driven to improve reliability, resiliency and security of the grid as more variable and distributed resources are connected, and as loads also become more variable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Low-Carbon Resources Initiative)</td>
<td>Applied research and development</td>
<td>81-100%</td>
<td></td>
<td>Alliant Energy is actively participating in several LCRI technical subcommittees to guide and provide input to the research efforts. For example: - Renewable Fuels Production Committee - Focus on Renewable Natural Gas and other Biofuels - Hydrocarbon Based Committee - Focus on production of alternative energy carriers, including hydrogen from steam methane reforming for hydrogen production - Electrification Committee - Focus on producing hydrogen and amonia with electricity; integration of renewables - Storage and Delivery Committee - Focus on storage and transport of hydrogen and also natural gas pipeline blending - Power Generation Committee - Focus on end use of the low-carbon fuel (e.g. hydrogen) for generation - Transport, Industry &amp; Buildings Committee - Focus on use of alternative energy carriers for both fuels and feedstock - Integrated Energy Analysis Committee - Focus on using models to understand deep decarbonization - Safety &amp; Environmental Impacts Committee - Focus on lifecycle environmental impacts as well as research on safety standards.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C10. Verification

C10.1
(C10.1) Indicate the verification/assurance status that applies to your reported emissions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scope</th>
<th>Verification/assurance status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scope 1</td>
<td>Third-party verification or assurance process in place</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scope 2 (location-based or market-based)</td>
<td>No third-party verification or assurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scope 3</td>
<td>No emissions data provided</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C10.1a

(C10.1a) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 1 emissions, and attach the relevant statements.

- **Verification or assurance cycle in place**
  - Annual process

- **Status in the current reporting year**
  - Complete

- **Type of verification or assurance**
  - Third party verification/assurance underway

- **Attach the statement**
  - Attachment C10.1a Alliant Energy 2020 CO2 RATA_PMA results.xlsx

- **Page/section reference**
  - Alliant Energy operates CEMS to measure CO2 that complete third-party RATA verification and track availability. For 2020, CEMS were over 98% accurate and over 99% available. Furthermore, emissions reported under 40 CFR Part 98 Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reports and 40 CFR Part 70 Operating Permits require compliance certification by a Responsible Official. Our company also meets Compliance Assurance Monitoring criteria of 40 CFR Part 64 that defines data QA/QC used in compliance certifications.

- **Relevant standard**
  - Other, please specify (Alliant Energy operates Continuous Emissions Monitoring Systems (CEMS) as required under Clean Air Act 40 CFR Part 75 regulations. Mandatory Relative Accuracy Test Audit (RATA) compliance reports submitted to EPA are certified under penalty of law.)

- **Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)**
  - 99

C10.2

(C10.2) Do you verify any climate-related information reported in your CDP disclosure other than the emissions figures reported in C6.1, C6.3, and C6.5?

- No, we do not verify any other climate-related information reported in our CDP disclosure

C11. Carbon pricing

C11.1

(C11.1) Are any of your operations or activities regulated by a carbon pricing system (i.e. ETS, Cap & Trade or Carbon Tax)?

- No, but we anticipate being regulated in the next three years

C11.1d
Alliant Energy has a long history of environmental stewardship focused on meeting customers’ energy needs in an economical, efficient and sustainable manner. We proactively consider future environmental compliance requirements and proposed regulations in our planning, decision-making, construction and ongoing operations activities. Metrics and targets guide our future environmental plans. Adopting a long-term strategy prepares us to achieve environmental compliance requirements. It also provides flexibility to adjust our plans if needed. In 2020, Alliant Energy updated its Clean Energy Vision goals to reduce our carbon footprint.

Our Clean Energy Vision Goals

Successful execution of our strategy will enable us to achieve our clean energy initiatives.

By 2030:

- Reduce our fossil fuel generation carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions by 50% from 2005 levels
- Reduce our electric utility water supply by 75% from 2005 levels
- Electrify 100% of our company-owned light-duty fleet vehicles
- Partner to plant more than one million trees – one tree for each of our utility customers

By 2040:

- Eliminate all coal from our generation fleet

By 2050:

- Aspire to achieve net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate

We will continue to review and update our Sustainable Energy Plan and Clean Energy Vision, based on future economic developments, evolving energy technologies and emerging trends in the communities we serve.

Alliant Energy’s Clean Energy Blueprint and strategic plan guides our long-term transition to successfully provide for customers’ future energy needs. In 2020, we exceeded our goal that 30% of our energy mix come from carbon-free renewable resources, ten years early. Going forward, our plans include clean energy projects to build upon this success. We have completed our plan to add 1,150 megawatts of wind production – expanding our owned and operated regulated wind capacity to nearly 1,800 megawatts. In addition, our company has initiated plans to add nearly 1,500 megawatts of solar in Iowa and Wisconsin by the end of 2023 plus 100 megawatts of energy storage in Iowa by the end of 2026. Our integrated grid strategic initiatives will transform our distribution system into a continuous two-way flow of electricity and digital information. The projects leverage new technologies and tools in order to satisfy emerging customer requirements. This includes approximately $2.1 Billion from 2021-2024 to build smarter and more resilient energy infrastructure.

We are accelerating efforts to reach our aspirational net-zero CO2 emissions reduction goal for the electricity we generate. We have retired over 1,100 megawatts of coal since 2005 and have announced plans to retire another 1,300 megawatts of coal by the end of 2024. Combined, these generation retirements represent a reduction of nearly 70% from our 2005 coal footprint based on nameplate capacity. Plans continue to be developed for phasing out of service remaining fossil-fueled electric generation units based on commercial availability of new technologies as well as customer affordability and energy reliability needs.

As Alliant Energy moves forward with our Clean Energy Vision, we have joined with a multi-faceted group of like-minded partners in a five-year effort to swiftly develop and demonstrate low- and zero-carbon energy technologies. The Low-Carbon Resources Initiative (LCRI) is spearheaded by the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) and the Gas Technology Institute (GTI). LCRI will focus on exploring new promising technologies to reduce energy-related carbon emissions from the electric and gas industries in order to accelerate their development and demonstration. Some of the areas LCRI will advance are clean hydrogen, bioenergy and renewable natural gas – with the goal to develop affordable approaches across all industries to reduce carbon emissions associated with climate change. The results of this important work will help guide our company as we work toward our aspirational goal of net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate by 2050.

Alliant Energy’s approach to transition to a low-carbon economy includes proactive participation in climate and carbon-related policy discussions at both the Federal and state levels. This includes membership in key national trade associations including the Edison Electric Institute, American Clean Power Association, and the Business Roundtable, all of which are active in climate change policy discussions. Our company joined several other businesses and investors in signing a letter supporting U.S. commitment to climate action by setting an ambitious Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) pursuant to the Paris Agreement. In addition, we continue to engage in climate change research with the EPRI to evaluate potential policy scenarios such as effective Clean Energy Standard designs, broader economywide decarbonization through electrification, and setting science-based targets.

C11.2

(C11.2) Has your organization originated or purchased any project-based carbon credits within the reporting period?

No
C11.3

(C11.3) Does your organization use an internal price on carbon?
Yes

C11.3a

(C11.3a) Provide details of how your organization uses an internal price on carbon.

Objective for implementing an internal carbon price
- Navigate GHG regulations
- Stress test investments
- Drive energy efficiency
- Drive low-carbon investment
- Identify and seize low-carbon opportunities

GHG Scope
Scope 1

Application
Alliant Energy's strategic planning and integrated resource plan (IRP) development uses modeling to support our Clean Energy Blueprint. Our company's Blueprint modeling utilizes economic projections for fuel prices, market energy costs, capacity prices and emissions costs, including carbon pricing. A wide range of future scenarios are considered with key aspects potentially affecting the electric utility industry including market and economic conditions (growth or stagnation), evolving industry trends (such as distributed renewables), advanced customer technologies, new environmental regulations, electrification and economy-wide carbon limits. Through the use of carbon pricing or application of carbon limits, our company considers the possible effects of policy mandates as well as other drivers to reduce greenhouse gas emissions on our business plans. We monitor and periodically update these inputs as part of our strategic plans that anticipate a carbon-constrained future.

Actual price(s) used (Currency /metric ton)
- $26

Variance of price(s) used
The carbon price ranges applied by Alliant Energy vary and are assessed on a case-by-case basis to ensure these reflect the most current conditions potentially affecting the electric utility operations in our service areas. Alliant Energy applies forecasts that are based on projections prepared by third party energy analysts and consultants. Applying carbon-pricing is subject to significant uncertainties. However, our company's recent modeling has assumed a price of $2/t CO2 rising to $26/t CO2 between 2028 and 2040. These forecasts considered various changes to the electric utility industry as part of the larger global energy transition underway. Drivers for carbon pricing assumptions go beyond policy mandates since the electric utility industry has already surpassed reductions proposed originally under the Environmental Protection Agency's Clean Power Plan and reflect the increasing focus on sustainability goals to accelerate clean energy deployment in response to climate change. Furthermore, the Biden Administration has rejoined the Paris Agreement to support international efforts to reach net-zero emissions economywide by no later than 2050. The National Climate Task Force established a new 2030 emissions target – to fulfill the U.S. nationally determined contribution (NDC) for formal submission to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). In April 2021, President Biden announced this new target for the U.S. to achieve a 50-52% reduction from 2005 levels in economywide net greenhouse gas pollution by 2030. This includes establishing a policy that would set a goal to reach 100% carbon-free electricity by 2035. Additional factors potentially affecting the variance of pricing used include trends to expand renewable generation, the pace of grid infrastructure modernization, supporting regulatory electric retail rate structures and energy market policies. The electric power sector is also expected to support broader economywide carbon reductions in other sectors through electrification. Alliant Energy will continue to monitor future carbon policies and related energy transition trends in order to factor these into future carbon pricing forecasts.

Type of internal carbon price
Shadow price

Impact & implication
The implication of carbon pricing, among other factors applied in our strategic business planning and integrated resource plan development for our Clean Energy Blueprint, has been to further support our company's transition to cleaner energy sources for our customers. Similarly, it has reinforced decisions to retire existing fossil-fueled electric generation. Consideration of carbon constraints in our integrated resource plans is one of many factors that our company includes when submitting applications for regulatory approval to our utility boards to authorize these changes to our energy mix. More specifically, we model scenarios that consider new environmental rules to reduce carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and also economy-wide carbon limits to navigate potential future greenhouse gas regulation and proactively consider these impacts in our plans. We also consider carbon pricing to develop plans that are responsive to customer and other stakeholder expectations for cleaner energy that is safe, reliable and affordable. For example, outcomes from these scenarios help to evaluate the financial benefits of federal tax incentives for solar and wind as well as potential fossil fuel cost savings when we expand our renewable resources. This further supports the business case to take advantage of these opportunities by investing in these low-carbon resources. Therefore, the overall impact has been to further support our company's strategy and to update our voluntary Clean Energy Vision goals. The 2020 updates included:
- Achieving a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 (up from our prior goal of 40%)
- Eliminating all coal from our generation fleet by 2040 (10 years faster than our previous target)
- Adding an aspirational goal that achieves net-zero CO2 emissions from the electricity we generate by 2050

Furthermore, a new environmental goal was adopted for 2021 that continues to measure our commitment to affordable, clean-energy solutions in line with our Value to Act for tomorrow. This goal was approved by the Board of Directors Compensation and Personnel Committee as part of the short-term incentive plan and will reward annual progress toward our company's long-term goal of a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 from 2005 levels. Alliant Energy's short-term incentive compensation plan applies company-wide to all employees including executive officers.
(C12.1) Do you engage with your value chain on climate-related issues?
Yes, our customers
Yes, other partners in the value chain

(C12.1b) Give details of your climate-related engagement strategy with your customers.

**Type of engagement**
Education/information sharing

**Details of engagement**
Other, please specify (Wisconsin Sustainable Business Council Green Masters Program and Annual Conference)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% of customers by number</th>
<th>5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% of customer-related Scope 3 emissions as reported in C6.5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portfolio coverage (total or outstanding)</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please explain the rationale for selecting this group of customers and scope of engagement
The Green Masters Program is a recognition and assessment program for Wisconsin businesses interested in improving and being recognized for their sustainability initiatives. The objective of the Green Masters Program is to provide companies with a benchmark for themselves and the ability to compare their sustainability performance to other companies in their sector. It's also a certification that validates actions taken in the nine pillars of sustainability - this includes energy and climate change initiatives. This program recognizes businesses making advancements and helps them to distinguish themselves in the marketplace. Many of Alliant Energy's commercial and industrial customers also participate in this program. Our engagement provides us with an opportunity to share best practices, educate on carbon-related energy topics, and provide information about our Clean Energy Vision goals and plans to expand renewable resources. Alliant Energy has proudly earned Green Masters status since 2016. More information is available at: https://www.wisconsinsustainability.com/

**Impact of engagement, including measures of success**
Barbara Tormaschy, Vice president and Treasurer of Alliant Energy, delivered the keynote address at the annual conference's opening day on December 8th, 2020. At the conference, we were able to explain the evolving energy industry and our company's transition plans that focus on a cleaner energy mix by expanding cost-effective renewable resources while implementing plans to eliminate all coal-fired generation. More information is available at: https://www.wisconsinsustainability.com/2020-conference http://www.thewheelereport.com/wheeler_docs/files/120120wsbc.pdf

**Type of engagement**
Education/information sharing

**Details of engagement**
Other, please specify (City of Cedar Rapids Climate Advisory Committee)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% of customers by number</th>
<th>1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% of customer-related Scope 3 emissions as reported in C6.5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portfolio coverage (total or outstanding)</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please explain the rationale for selecting this group of customers and scope of engagement
Cedar Rapids is the largest city within Alliant Energy’s service area in Iowa. As the primary electric provider to the City of Cedar Rapids, Alliant Energy was pleased to be asked to be a part of their Climate Advisory Committee. It was clear early on that the City’s goals aligned with Alliant Energy’s strategic sustainability plans and Clean Energy Vision. The purpose of this committee is to develop a Community Climate Action Plan (CCAP) to meet the targets of the City’s Climate Resolution: Reduce carbon emissions by 45% from 2010 levels by 2030 and achieve net-zero carbon emissions by 2050 as well as increase renewables to 70-80% of total energy supplied by 2050. More information available at: http://www.cedar-rapids.org/local_government/city_boards_and_commissions/climate_advisory_committee.php http://www.cedar-rapids.org/local_government/sustainability/climate_change_info.php http://www.cedar-rapids.org/local_government/sustainability/community_climate_plan.php

**Impact of engagement, including measures of success**
Partnering with the Cedar Rapids Climate Action Committee, we hear the voice of our customer in the diversity of the group’s membership. The purpose of our participation on the committee is to find ways to support the city's climate resolution that urges the community to take action to prevent global climate change from surpassing 1.5 degrees Celsius, while also building support for their most vulnerable residents. The key measure of success will be completion of the CCAP by the end of 2021 to meet the following targets: - Reduces Greenhouse Gases: Reduces carbon pollution from coal, gas, and oil by 45% by 2030; net-zero by 2050; increases renewable energy to 70-80% by 2050 - Increases Resilience: Adapts to Iowa’s top climate hazards—flooding, flash flooding, high heat - Meets Needs of Vulnerable Residents: Ensures access to clean water, clean air, healthy food, good parks, tree-lined streets, green jobs, and green job training Additional measures of success include finding ways to partner with the city on the various initiatives in the final adopted CCAP. Examples of those in the current draft plan include: Initiative 1: Annual Climate Leadership Recognition Initiative 2: Sustainable Neighborhoods Program Initiative 3: Healthy Food Access Initiative 4: Green & Healthy Homes Initiative 5: Sustainable Small Businesses Initiative 6: Large Business Partnership Initiative 7: Accelerate Solar Adoption Initiative 8: Industrial Innovation Initiative 9: Create Complete Green Streets Corridors Initiative 10: Accelerate Electric Vehicle Adoptions Initiative 11: Sustainable Materials Initiative 12: Resilience Hubs where people can gather during extreme weather events Initiative 13: Advance Green Jobs Initiative 14: City-Schools Partnership Initiative 15: Support ReLeaf Cedar Rapids a collaborative effort with Trees Forever to aggressively replant trees after the loss from the 2020 derecho Initiative 16: Sustainable Land use Initiative 17: Equitable Engagement

(C12.1d)
(C12.1d) Give details of your climate-related engagement strategy with other partners in the value chain.

In September 2020, Alliant Energy jointly hosted a free Sustainable Transportation virtual series for fleets with partners Madison Gas and Electric, Wisconsin Clean Cities and the City of Madison. The virtual series included six educational sessions with various speakers including from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the North American Council for Freight Efficiency (NACFE).

This webinar sessions covered the following six topics:
- Alternative Fuel and Infrastructure
- Funding Your Sustainable Fleet
- Electric Vehicles
- EV Charging Infrastructure
- Sustainable Truck and Bus Solutions
- Operating and Maintaining Alternative Fuel Vehicles

While this event is mainly geared toward fleet owners, managers, operators; facility planners and transportation specialists, several sessions appeal to consumers who are considering purchasing an electric vehicle.

This virtual event was free - however we did require registration to determine the number of participants.

This is part of our Electrification initiative. Electrification can enable broader economy-wide carbon reductions. The goal of the event is to help educate fleet owners, fleet managers, operations and facility planners, and transportation specialists on sustainable transportation options such as electric vehicles, truck refrigeration units, forklifts and more. Adopting electric technology is not only a cleaner alternative for our customers, but it can also improve their bottom line.

The partners are planning to host another virtual series Fall 2021 to align with National Drive Electric Week.

More information available at: https://www.alliantenergy.com/More/ContentPages/Sustainabletransportation

(C12.3) Do you engage in activities that could either directly or indirectly influence public policy on climate-related issues through any of the following?
- Direct engagement with policy makers
- Trade associations
- Funding research organizations
- Other

C12.3a
(C12.3a) On what issues have you been engaging directly with policy makers?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Focus of legislation</th>
<th>Corporate position</th>
<th>Details of engagement</th>
<th>Proposed legislative solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clean energy generation</td>
<td>Support</td>
<td>Strategic legislative and regulatory alignment is crucial to our ability to deliver the energy solutions and exceptional service that our customers and communities count on in a rapidly evolving energy industry. Alliant Energy advocates at the federal state and local levels for policies that enable our company to provide reliable, affordable and clean energy to our customers and further the growth of our communities. Advocacy engagement occurs through education as well as various forms of communication with regulators, policymakers and stakeholders. This engagement occurs both at the federal level as well as the state level. Our advocacy and political activities are governed by our Political Engagement Guidelines. The Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board of Directors provides oversight and regularly reviews our company’s participation in the political process. We comply with all laws, including those surrounding disclosure, lobbying activities, and political contributions or expenditures.</td>
<td>Alliant Energy supports federal and state policy initiatives to increase the amount of renewable energy being implemented nationally and in our service areas. Alliant Energy’s positioning on individual legislation is determined on a case-by-case basis depending on what bills are being proposed. In general, our company supports reasonable approaches that will not adversely impact any individual customers or businesses while balancing affordability and the needs of all of our customers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy efficiency</td>
<td>Support</td>
<td>Strategic legislative and regulatory alignment is crucial to our ability to deliver the energy solutions and exceptional service that our customers and communities count on in a rapidly evolving energy industry. Alliant Energy advocates at the federal state and local levels for policies that enable our company to provide reliable, affordable and clean energy to our customers and further the growth of our communities. Advocacy engagement occurs through education as well as various forms of communication with regulators, policymakers and stakeholders. This engagement occurs both at the federal level as well as the state level. Our advocacy and political activities are governed by our Political Engagement Guidelines. The Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board of Directors provides oversight and regularly reviews our company’s participation in the political process. We comply with all laws, including those surrounding disclosure, lobbying activities, and political contributions or expenditures.</td>
<td>Alliant Energy supports federal and state policy initiatives to improve the energy efficiency of the U.S. economy. Alliant Energy’s positioning on individual legislation is determined on a case-by-case basis depending on what bills are being proposed. In general, our company supports reasonable approaches that will not adversely impact any individual customers or businesses while balancing affordability and the needs of all of our customers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Grid infrastructure modernization)</td>
<td>Support with minor exceptions</td>
<td>Strategic legislative and regulatory alignment is crucial to our ability to deliver the energy solutions and exceptional service that our customers and communities count on in a rapidly evolving energy industry. Alliant Energy advocates at the federal state and local levels for policies that enable our company to provide reliable, affordable and clean energy to our customers and further the growth of our communities. Advocacy engagement occurs through education as well as various forms of communication with regulators, policymakers and stakeholders. This engagement occurs both at the federal level as well as the state level. Our advocacy and political activities are governed by our Political Engagement Guidelines. The Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board of Directors provides oversight and regularly reviews our company’s participation in the political process. We comply with all laws, including those surrounding disclosure, lobbying activities, and political contributions or expenditures.</td>
<td>Alliant Energy supports federal and state policy initiatives to modernize electric grid infrastructure regionally and in our service areas. Alliant Energy’s positioning on individual legislation is determined on a case-by-case basis depending on what bills are being proposed. In general, our company supports reasonable approaches that will not adversely impact any individual customers or businesses while balancing affordability and the needs of all of our customers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Electrification)</td>
<td>Support with minor exceptions</td>
<td>Strategic legislative and regulatory alignment is crucial to our ability to deliver the energy solutions and exceptional service that our customers and communities count on in a rapidly evolving energy industry. Alliant Energy advocates at the federal state and local levels for policies that enable our company to provide reliable, affordable and clean energy to our customers and further the growth of our communities. Advocacy engagement occurs through education as well as various forms of communication with regulators, policymakers and stakeholders. This engagement occurs both at the federal level as well as the state level. Our advocacy and political activities are governed by our Political Engagement Guidelines. The Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board of Directors provides oversight and regularly reviews our company’s participation in the political process. We comply with all laws, including those surrounding disclosure, lobbying activities, and political contributions or expenditures.</td>
<td>Alliant Energy supports federal and state policy initiatives to increase the amount of electrification being implemented regionally and in our service areas. Alliant Energy’s positioning on individual legislation is determined on a case-by-case basis depending on what bills are being proposed. In general, our company supports reasonable approaches that will not adversely impact any individual customers or businesses while balancing affordability and the needs of all of our customers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (Electric Vehicles)</td>
<td>Support with minor exceptions</td>
<td>Strategic legislative and regulatory alignment is crucial to our ability to deliver the energy solutions and exceptional service that our customers and communities count on in a rapidly evolving energy industry. Alliant Energy advocates at the federal state and local levels for policies that enable our company to provide reliable, affordable and clean energy to our customers and further the growth of our communities. Advocacy engagement occurs through education as well as various forms of communication with regulators, policymakers and stakeholders. This engagement occurs both at the federal level as well as the state level. Our advocacy and political activities are governed by our Political Engagement Guidelines. The Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board of Directors provides oversight and regularly reviews our company’s participation in the political process. We comply with all laws, including those surrounding disclosure, lobbying activities, and political contributions or expenditures.</td>
<td>Alliant Energy supports federal and state policy initiatives to increase the amount of electric vehicles (EVs) being implemented regionally and in our service areas. Alliant Energy’s positioning on individual legislation is determined on a case-by-case basis depending on what bills are being proposed. In general, our company supports reasonable approaches that will not adversely impact any individual customers or businesses while balancing affordability and the needs of all of our customers.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C12.3b

(C12.3b) Are you on the board of any trade associations or do you provide funding beyond membership?

Yes

C12.3c
(C12.3c) Enter the details of those trade associations that are likely to take a position on climate change legislation.

**Trade association**

Edison Electric Institute (EEI)

**Is your position on climate change consistent with theirs?**

Consistent

**Please explain the trade association’s position**

Global climate change presents one of the biggest energy and environmental policy challenges this country has ever faced. EEI member companies are committed to addressing the challenge of climate change and have undertaken a wide range of initiatives over the last 30 years to reduce, avoid or sequester GHG emissions. Policies to address climate change should seek to minimize impacts on consumers and avoid harm to U.S. industry and the economy. From: https://www.eei.org/issuesandpolicy/environment/climate/Pages/default.aspx Our Clean Energy Vision EEI's member companies are leading a clean energy transformation. We are united in our commitment to get the energy we provide as clean as we can as fast as we can, without compromising on the reliability or affordability that are essential to the customers and communities we serve. Overall, carbon emissions from the electric power sector are at their lowest level since 1978—and continue to fall. EEI's member companies are committed to continuing to reduce carbon emissions in our sector and to helping other sectors—particularly the transportation and industrial sectors—transition to clean, efficient electric energy. This is just the start. With investments in new technologies and the right policies in place, we can do even more to build a cleaner, stronger economy together. Together, we are delivering America's energy future. Our Policy Priorities Going forward, electric companies will continue to make significant carbon reductions. To meet long-term clean energy and climate goals, we need policies that: Significantly increase research, development, demonstration, and deployment funding for the range of clean energy technologies. Provide federal support to get these technologies from R&D to commercialization at an affordable cost. Revamp existing energy tax credits to advance newer technologies. Create a new technology-neutral tax credit. Enable the siting, permitting, and construction of new technologies. Enhance energy grid modernization and resilience. Leverage electric power sector emission reductions to reduce emissions in other sectors of the economy. From: https://www.eei.org/issuesandpolicy/Pages/CleanEnergy.aspx

**How have you influenced, or are you attempting to influence their position?**

We attend meetings and discussions of the Edison Electric Institute regarding policy matters, including climate change, and provide input to ensure that the company's perspectives are considered.

**Trade association**

American Clean Power Association (ACPA)

**Is your position on climate change consistent with theirs?**

Consistent

**Please explain the trade association’s position**

Our Policy Priorities We are uniting companies from across the clean power sector to support policies that will remove barriers and accelerate growth in America's renewable energy industry. The American Clean Power Association works to champion policies that will transform the U.S. power grid to a low-cost, reliable and renewable power system. - Expand demand for renewable energy technologies at a national, regional and state level. - Remove barriers of entry through regulatory, permitting and siting reforms. - Establish long-term market certainty to ensure increased investment and manufacturing of renewable energy technologies. - Invest in a national electric grid that is reliable, secure, clean, and designed for a renewable future. - Develop a robust, stable, and diverse renewable energy workforce. From: https://cleanpower.org/policy/

**How have you influenced, or are you attempting to influence their position?**

Alliant Energy's approach to transition to a low-carbon economy includes proactive participation in climate and carbon-related policy discussions at both the Federal and state levels. This includes membership in key national trade associations including the Edison Electric Institute, American Clean Power Association, and the Business Roundtable, all of which are active in climate change policy discussions.

**Trade association**

Business Roundtable (BRT)

**Is your position on climate change consistent with theirs?**

Consistent

**Please explain the trade association’s position**

ADDRESSING CLIMATE CHANGE: PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES Business Roundtable CEOs believe market-based solutions are the best approach to combating climate change. CEOs call for complementary suite of policies to drive innovation, significantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions and limit global temperature rise. Business Roundtable believes that U.S. climate policy should be guided by these core principles: 1) Align policy goals and GHG emissions reduction targets with scientific evidence. 2) Increase global engagement, cooperation and accountability. 3) Leverage market-based solutions wherever possible. 4) Provide for adequate transition time and long-term regulatory certainty. 5) Preserve the competitiveness of U.S. businesses, including avoiding economic and emissions "leakage." 6) Minimize social and economic costs for those least able to bear them. 7) Support both public and private investment in low-carbon and GHG emissions reduction technologies along the full innovation pipeline. 8) Minimize administrative burdens and duplicative policies while maximizing compliance flexibility. 9) Ensure that U.S. policies account for international emissions reduction programs. 10) Advance climate resilience and adaptation. 11) Eliminate barriers to the deployment of emissions reduction technologies and low-carbon energy sources. From: https://www.businessroundtable.org/climate

**How have you influenced, or are you attempting to influence their position?**

Alliant Energy's approach to transition to a low-carbon economy includes proactive participation in climate and carbon-related policy discussions at both the Federal and state levels. This includes membership in key national trade associations including the Edison Electric Institute, American Clean Power Association, and the Business Roundtable, all of which are active in climate change policy discussions.

(C12.3d) Do you publicly disclose a list of all research organizations that you fund?

Yes

(C12.3e)
(C12.3e) Provide details of the other engagement activities that you undertake.

We have participated in meetings or held discussions that included representatives of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Public Service Commission of Wisconsin, Iowa Department of Natural Resources, Iowa Utilities Board, other electric utilities, and various environmental groups to discuss issues related to climate change and clean energy plans as well as the development of greenhouse gas environmental regulations.

Our company joined several other businesses and investors in signing a letter from the “We Mean Business” coalition supporting U.S. commitment to climate action by setting an ambitious Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) pursuant to the Paris Agreement. In addition, we continue to engage in climate change research with the Electric Power Research Institute, which is a non-advocacy, non-profit scientific research organization with a public benefit mandate. More information available at: https://www.wemeanbusinesscoalition.org/ambitious-u-s-2030-ndc/

(C12.3f) What processes do you have in place to ensure that all of your direct and indirect activities that influence policy are consistent with your overall climate change strategy?

Our advocacy and political activities are governed by our Political Engagement Guidelines. The Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board of Directors provides oversight and regularly reviews our company’s participation in the political process. We comply with all laws, including those surrounding disclosure, lobbying activities, and political contributions or expenditures.

(C12.4) Have you published information about your organization’s response to climate change and GHG emissions performance for this reporting year in places other than in your CDP response? If so, please attach the publication(s).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Publication</th>
<th>In mainstream reports, incorporating the TCFD recommendations</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Complete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attach the document</td>
<td>Alliant Energy Sustainability Management and ESG Performance Summary.pdf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Page/Section reference</td>
<td>Entire report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Content elements</td>
<td>Governance, Strategy, Risks &amp; opportunities, Emissions figures, Emission targets, Other metrics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify</td>
<td>(This disclosure is part of our Corporate Responsibility Report which covers our sustainability management and environmental, social and governance performance.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comment</td>
<td>More information available at the following link: <a href="http://alliantenergy.com/responsibility">http://alliantenergy.com/responsibility</a></td>
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(C15.1) Provide details for the person that has signed off (approved) your CDP climate change response.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Row</th>
<th>Job title</th>
<th>Corresponding job category</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Michele Pluta, P.E.</td>
<td>Other, please specify (<a href="mailto:MichelePluta@alliantenergy.com">MichelePluta@alliantenergy.com</a>)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C-FI) Use this field to provide any additional information or context that you feel is relevant to your organization's response. Please note that this field is optional and is not scored.
Submit your response

In which language are you submitting your response?
English

Please confirm how your response should be handled by CDP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>I am submitting to</th>
<th>Public or Non-Public Submission</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Investors</td>
<td>Public</td>
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Please state the main reason why you are declining to respond to your customers
Prefer to work directly with customer, not through a third party

Please confirm below
I have read and accept the applicable Terms